DUNDAS CITY COUNCIL REGULAR MEETING AGENDA Monday, APRIL 11, 2022

7:00 p.m. Dundas City Hall

1.	Call to Order/Pledge Allegiance
2.	Roll Call: Mayor Glenn Switzer; Councilors Larry Fowler, Luke LaCroix, Grant Modory, Luke Swartwood
3.	Public Forum
4.	Approval of Agenda* Motion, second
5.	Consent Agenda (All items on the Consent Agenda are considered routine and have been made available to the City Council at least two (2) days in advance of the meeting. The items will be enacted in one motion. There will be no separate discussion of these items unless a council member or citizen so requests, in which event the item will be removed from this agenda and considered in normal sequence.) a. Regular Minutes of March 28, 2022* b. Resolution 2022-08* A Resolution Retaining Statutory Tort Limits for Fiscal Year 2022 c. Disbursement Report* - \$136,525.62 Motion, second
6.	Old Business
7.	Ordinances and Resolutions a. Resolution 2022-09* A Resolution Accepting the Quotes and Awarding a Contract for the Memorial Park Improvements Motion by, second by
8.	New Business a. Consider Accepting 2021 Financial Audit* Motion by, second by b. Consider Approving Purchase of Light Poles* Motion by, second by c. Consider Approving Proposal for Pavement Management Plan* Motion by, second by d. Consider Accepting Quote and Awarding 2022/2023 Lawn Mowing Contract to John's Snow and Mow, LLC* Motion by, second by e. Consider Accepting Quote and Awarding 2022/2023 Rough Cut Mowing Contract to John's Snow and Mow, LLC* Motion by, second by
9.	Reports of Officers, Boards and Committees

- - a. City Attorney
 - b. City Engineer*
 - c. City Administrator
 - d. Mayor, Councilors and Committees

10. Announcements

- a. Parks & Recreation Advisory Board Tuesday, April 12 at 7:00 pm City Hall
- b. City Hall CLOSED on Friday, April 15 for Holiday
- c. Dundas Planning Commission Meeting Thursday, April 21 at 7:00 p.m. City Hall
- d. Dundas EDA Meeting Monday, April 25 at 6:30 p.m. City Hall
- e. City Council Meeting Monday, April 25 at 7:00 p.m. City Hall
- f. Dundas Annual Clean Up on Saturday, May 14 from 7 11 am, Trailhead Parking Lot

11. Adjourn

DUNDAS CITY COUNCIL REGULAR MEETING MINUTES

Monday, March 28, 2022 7:00 p.m. Dundas City Hall

UNOFFICIAL MINUTES

Present: Mayor Glenn Switzer; Councilors Larry Fowler, Luke LaCroix, Grant Modory, Luke Swartwood Staff: City Planner Nate Sparks, City Engineer Dustin Tipp; Administrator/Clerk Jenelle Teppen; Deputy Clerk Linda Ripka

CALL TO ORDER

Mayor Switzer called the meeting to order at 7:00 p.m. A quorum was present.

PUBLIC FORUM

Scott Schiesser of Northfield, representing Grove Cemetery, informed the Council there will be a major cleanup involving the grounds and monuments at the cemetery this year.

APPOVAL OF AGENDA

Motion by LaCroix, second by Fowler, to approve the agenda. Motion Carried Unanimously (MCU)

CONSENT AGENDA

Motion by Swartwood, second LaCroix, to approve the consent agenda as follows with correction on a vendor's name on the Disbursement Report:

Regular Minutes of March 14, 2022;

Resolution 2022-05 A Resolution Requesting Part-Time Officers Cody Kruse and Hunter Soular Acceptance as Members of Public Employees Police and Fire Plan;

Resolution 2022-07 A Resolution Designating 2022 Polling Precinct Location for City of Dundas; Disbursements Report \$95.290.41.

MCU

OLD BUSINESS – No old business brought before Council.

ORDINANCES AND RESOLUTIONS

Resolution 2022-06 A Resolution Accepting 2020 Minnesota Special Redistricting Panel Changes in the Congressional District and Legislative District for City of Dundas, Minnesota

Administrator Teppen explained redistricting has occurred and requires acceptance of changes.

Motion by Swartwood, second by Modory, to approve Resolution 2022-06. MCU

NEW BUSINESS

Consider Approving Rental Agreement with Farmstead Bikes for Use of the City's Engine House

Administrator Teppen reviewed history of rental agreement with Gear Resources and recent purchase of business by Farmstead Bike Shop who have requested to rent the Engine House. Teppen stated the City Attorney has reviewed and updated an agreement which has met Farmstead approval.

Motion by LaCroix, second by Fowler, to approve the Rental Agreement of the City's Engine House located at 201 Railway Street North with Mad Farmer, LLC d/b/a Farmstead Bike Shop of Minneapolis, MN, for the period April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2025. MCU

Consider Approving Agreement for Animal Impound Services

Administrator Teppen stated the City has not had a provider for animal impound since July of 2019. She reviewed the proposed services provided and cost from Castle Rock Kennels.

Motion by Modory, second by Fowler, to approve an Agreement for Animal Impound Services with Castle Rock Kennels of Farmington, MN, effective March 28, 2022 for two years with an automatic renewal of two years. MCU

REPORTS OF OFFICERS, BOARDS AND COMMITTEES

<u>City Engineer – Dustin Tipp</u>

ADIOURN

Tipp reviewed and updated progress and status for Forest and Depot Street repairs, pavement projects, park survey, television status of sewer line, PCA report from Northfield and Memorial Park tasks. He stated the bike lane plan on First Street has been revised and will be submitting the SHIP grant funding application.

City Administrator -Jenelle Teppen

Councilor Swartwood followed up on the cemetery presentation to add the committee is looking for volunteers and donated materials to achieve their cleanup goal.

Councilor Swartwood asked City Planner Sparks on status of City's involvement on properties selling on the Hester Corridor. Councilor Modory explained goal was a property owner could develop a business. Sparks stated any business develop need to think of adequate parking lots to relieve residential street parking.

Motion by Fowler, second by Modory, to adjourn the meeting at 7:37 p.m. MCU							
Submitted by:	Attest:						
Jenelle Teppen, Administrator/Clerk	Glenn Switzer, Mayor						



REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION

TO: City Council Members

FROM: Jenelle Teppen, City Administrator

SUBJECT: Consider Resolution 2022-08 Retaining Statutory Tort

DATE: Limits For the City Council Meeting of April 11, 2022

PURPOSE/ACTION REQUESTED

Consider Resolution 2022-08 retaining statutory tort limits for 2022.

SUMMARY

The League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT) insures the City of Dundas for liability and property damage. Cities obtaining liability coverage from LMCIT must decide whether or not to waive the stator tort limits to the extent of the coverage purchased. The decisions to waive or not waive the statutory limits has the following effects:

- If the City does not waive the statutory tort limits, an individual claimant would be able to recover no more than \$500,000 on any claim to which the statutory tort limits apply. The total, which all claimants would be able to recover for a single occurrence to which the statutory limits apply would be limited to \$1,500,000. These statutory tort limits would apply regardless of whether or not the city purchases the optional excess liability coverage.
- If the City waives the statutory tort limits and does not purchase excess liability coverage, a single claimant could potentially recover up to \$2,000,000 on a single occurrence. The total which all claimants would be able to recover for a single occurrence to which the statutory limits apply would also be limited to the amount of coverage purchased, regardless of the number of claimants.
- If the City waives the statutory tort limits and purchases excess liability coverage, a single claimant could potentially recover an amount up to the limit of the coverage purchased. The total which all claimants would be able to recover for a single occurrence to which the statutory limits apply would also be limited to the amount of coverage purchase regardless of the number of claimants.

Only about 18% of LMCIT members have chosen to waive the statutory limits. When the city chooses the "waive" option, the city waives the protection of the statutory limits, up to the amount of coverage the city has. In addition, if the city waives the statutory tort limit, LMCIT will charge approximately 3% more in additional premium for the option.

By retaining (not waiving) statutory tort limits the need for excess liability insurance coverage is limited to federal civil rights law violation, claims for tort liability assumed by contract, claims for

actions in another state, claims based on liquor sales (risk for on-sale liquor sales is greater than off-sale) and claims based on land use regulation. The City of Dundas has \$2,000,000 in coverage under our existing insurance.

We are completing the insurance renewal process for 2022 and LMCIT requires action by the City Council.

RECOMMENDATION

Motion to approve Resolution 2022-08 Retaining Statutory Tort Limits for Fiscal Year 2022.

CITY OF DUNDAS COUNTY OF RICE STATE OF MINNESOTA

RESOLUTION NUMBER 2022 - 08

A Resolution Retaining Statutory Tort Limits for Fiscal Year 2022

WHEREAS, monetary tort limits are established by Minnesota State Statutes §466.04; and

WHEREAS, the City Council of Dundas, MN, must decide whether to waive the statutory tort limits; and

WHEREAS, retaining the statutory tort limits as legislated by Minnesota State Statutes §466.04 limits the City's tort liability to a maximum of \$500,000 per claimant and \$1,500,000 per occurrence;

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED BY THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL THAT the City of Dundas will retain statutory tort limits for fiscal year 2022.

ADOPTED by the City Council of Dundas, Minnesota, on this 11th day of April 2022.

CITY OF DUNDAS BY:	ATTEST:
Glenn Switzer, Mayor	Jenelle Teppen, Administrator/Clerk

Resolution 2022-08

DISBURSEMENT REPORT CITY OF DUNDAS Council Meeting April 11, 2022

DATE	PAYABLE	AMOUNT
4.8.22	PERA	\$3,519.55
4.7.21	State of MN Empower Retirement	\$700.00
4.8.22	MN Dept of Revenue	\$1,170.90
4/8/2022	IRS	\$5,783.01
4.7.2022	Payroll PP #7 Employees	\$18,405.48
4.7.2022	Payroll PP #4 Council	\$1,931.68
	Sub Total Paid Payroll and Sales Liabilities	\$31,510.62
4.1.22	ACH per item	\$13.50
4.1.22	Low ACH Volume Maintenance	\$5.00
4.3.22	PSN Payment Service	\$350.75
4.1.22	RDC Monthly Fee	\$59.00
4.11.22	Invoice Payments	\$104,586.75
	Sub Total Paid Claims and Service Liabilities	\$105,015.00
TOTAL	Disbursements for April 11, 2022	\$136,525.62

Payments

Payments Batch 041122 AP	\$104,715.32		
Refer 0 AMAZON CAPITAL S	ERVICES _		
Cash Payment E 101-41000-200 Supplie Invoice 1LTN-3CNN-6KK 3/29/2022	s paper		\$13.4
Transaction Date 3/29/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100 Tot	\$13.4
Refer 0 APG MEDIA OF SOL	THERN MN _		
Cash Payment E 101-41000-351 Legal N	otices Publishing ORDINANCE 2022-0 LINDA RIPKA	2 LEGAL Ordered By:	\$105.0
Invoice 11130-0322 3/31/2022			
Cash Payment E 101-41000-351 Legal N	otices Publishing LEGAL Ordered By: I Totals:	LINDA RIPKA Publication	\$81.0
Invoice 11130-0322 3/31/2022			
Transaction Date 3/31/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100 Tota	al \$186.0
Refer 0 AXON ENTERPRISE	INC		
Cash Payment E 101-42100-200 Supplie	taser cartridges		\$916.1
Invoice INUS062443 3/25/2022			
Transaction Date 3/25/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100 Tota	al \$916.1
Refer 0 BADGER METER	-		
	s/Water Meter, Et ORION CELLULAR L	.TE	\$280.2
Invoice 80094146 3/30/2022			
Transaction Date 3/30/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100 Tota	\$280.2
Refer 0 BERGANKDV		Management of the property of	Charles and the second
Cash Payment E 101-41000-301 Auditing	and Acct g Servi 2021 Audit		\$18,000.0
Invoice 1155760 3/22/2022			
Transaction Date 3/22/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100 Tota	\$18,000.0
Refer 0 <i>DICK-S/LAKEVILLE</i> S	ANITATION		
Cash Payment E 603-49500-384 Refuse/	Garbage Disposa Monthly trash service		\$1,447.5
Invoice DT0004560474 4/4/2022			
Cash Payment E 603-49500-384 Refuse/	Garbage Disposa Monthly trash service		\$2,154.1
Invoice DT0004560474 4/4/2022			
Cash Payment E 603-49500-384 Refuse/	Garbage Disposa Monthly trash service		\$4,352.4
Invoice DT0004560474 4/4/2022			
Fransaction Date 4/4/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100 Tota	\$7,954.0
Refer 0 <i>ECKBERG LAMMERS</i>			
Cash Payment E 101-42100-304 Legal Fe	es Legal Fees		\$658.3
Invoice 03 2022 3/31/2022			
Transaction Date 3/31/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100 Tot a	\$658.3
Refer 0 FIRST SYSTEMS TEC	H		
Cash Payment E 602-49450-400 Repairs	-	fluent Flow Meter. Verified	\$525.0
nvoice 22416 4/4/2022			
Fransaction Date 4/4/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100 Tota	\$525.0
Refer 0 GOPHER STATE ONE	CALL	THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF	
Cash Payment E 601-49400-310 Professi Invoice 2030346 3/31/2022	-	ckets X 1.35	\$11.47

Payments

Cash Payment E 602-49450-310 Professional Services Invoice 2030346 3/31/2022	Gopher one calls 17 tio	ckets X 1.35		\$11.48
Transaction Date 3/31/2022	Frandsen Bank 1	0100	Total	\$22.9
Refer 0 HAWKINS INC.				
Cash Payment E 601-49400-200 Supplies	Chlorine - EPA Reg. N	0.		\$2,150.8
Invoice 6151711 3/29/2022	,			
Cash Payment E 601-49400-200 Supplies	Freight Charge			\$10.0
Invoice 6151711 3/29/2022				
Cash Payment E 601-49400-200 Supplies	freight			\$29.5
Invoice 6151711 3/29/2022				
Transaction Date 3/29/2022	Frandsen Bank 1	0100	Total	\$2,190.3
Refer 0 KRUEGER INTERNATIONAL, INC.	-			
Cash Payment E 101-41000-580 Equipment	two leg chairs			\$405.90
Invoice 14370940 3/23/2022				
Cash Payment E 101-41000-580 Equipment	task chair			\$364.50
Invoice 14370091 3/21/2022				
Cash Payment E 101-41000-580 Equipment	toggle fixed base table			\$103.6
Invoice 14369275 3/17/2022				
Cash Payment E 101-41000-580 Equipment	toggle fixed base table			\$306.4
Invoice 14369275 3/17/2022	Annala alaskiis suli tuli l			2000 7
Cash Payment E 101-41000-580 Equipment Invoice 14369275 3/17/2022	toggle electric adj table			\$996.7
Transaction Date 3/23/2022	Frandsen Bank 10	0100	Total	\$2,177.28
	Trandscribank n	0100	Total	φ2,177.20
Refer 0 LAROCHES, INC.	- franco nico at 005 Daile			4040.00
Cash Payment E 602-49450-400 Repairs and Maintenan Invoice 30757 3/23/2022	c Trozen pipe at 305 Raily	vay		\$810.00
Transaction Date 4/7/2022	Francisco Book 44	0.4.0.0	T - 4 - 1	0010.01
	Frandsen Bank 10	0100	Total	\$810.00
Refer 0 LAW ENFORCEMENT LABOR SVC	-1			
Cash Payment G 101-21707 LELSI Union Dues	Union dues			\$65.00
Invoice 327 4/1/2022				
Cash Payment G 101-21707 LELSI Union Dues Invoice 327 4/1/2022	Union dues			\$65.00
	E D 11			
Transaction Date 4/1/2022	Frandsen Bank 10	0100	Total	\$130.00
Refer 0 LUZ CLEANING SERVICE	-			
Cash Payment E 101-41000-440 Cleaning Service	clean march 09-23			\$600.00
Invoice 185761 3/23/2022				
Transaction Date 3/23/2022	Frandsen Bank 10	0100	Total	\$600.00
Refer 0 MARCO, INC	_			
Cash Payment E 101-41000-413 Rental	Copy machine contract			\$229.26
nvoice 31327728 3/28/2022				
Fransaction Date 3/28/2022	Frandsen Bank 10	100	Total	\$229.26
Refer 0 <i>MENARDS, INC</i>	-			
Cash Payment E 101-43100-200 Supplies	6X1-1/4 CONSTRUCTION	ON SCRW		\$5.99
nvoice 24999 3/24/2022				
Cash Payment E 101-45200-400 Repairs and Maintenand	CLASS 3 SOFT SHELL	JACKET		\$49.99
nvoice 24904 3/22/2022				

Payments

ARTHUR DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PA					
Cash Payment Invoice 24904	E 101-45200-400 Repairs and Mai	ntenanc 8 BLACK	CABLE TIE 1000		\$29.99
Cash Payment	3/22/2022 E 101-45200-400 Repairs and Mai	ntenanc WD-40 S	MART STRAW 12oz.		\$11.22
Invoice 24904	3/22/2022				
Cash Payment Invoice 24904	E 101-45200-400 Repairs and Mai 3/22/2022	ntenanc HYDRAH	YDE GRAIN LTHR GLV		\$31.44
Cash Payment	E 101-45200-400 Repairs and Mai	ntenanc RW DBL	LATEX DIP GLV XL		\$5.49
Invoice 24904	3/22/2022				
Cash Payment Invoice 24904	E 101-45200-400 Repairs and Mai 3/22/2022	ntenanc 811 BLK	CABLE TIE MNT-100		\$13.98
Cash Payment	E 101-45200-400 Repairs and Mai	ntenanc 11 BLK C	ABLE TIE -100		\$8.49
Invoice 24904	3/22/2022				40.10
Cash Payment	E 101-45200-400 Repairs and Mai	ntenanc 5/8 x 2-1/2	2 HEX BOLT 4PC		\$8.58
Invoice 24904	3/22/2022				40.00
Cash Payment	E 101-45200-400 Repairs and Main	ntenanc 5/8-11 HE	X NUT 14PC		\$2.99
Invoice 24904	3/22/2022				Ψ2.00
Cash Payment	E 101-43100-200 Supplies	1607 GRI	P JAR W/ LID		\$2.98
Invoice 24999	3/24/2022				42.00
Cash Payment	E 101-43100-200 Supplies	EXTREME	E COMFORT MAT		\$21.96
Invoice 24999	3/24/2022				72.1100
Transaction Dat	e 3/24/2022	Frandsen B	ank 10100	Total	\$193.10
Refer	0 METERING & TECH SOLUTIO	NS _	The state of the s		
Cash Payment	E 601-49400-210 Supplies/Water N	 leter, Et 98 ES5/8≻ Gallon HR		eries Meter;	\$28,420.00
Invoice 22274	2/15/2022				
Cash Payment	E 601-49400-210 Supplies/Water M	leter, Et 26 ST7402 5/8 X 3/4 I		IES C STYLE	\$2,730.00
Invoice 22625	4/4/2022				
Transaction Date	e 2/15/2022	Frandsen B	ank 10100	Total	\$31,150.00
Refer	0 METRO FIBERNET LLC				All may a supplied to the supp
Cash Payment Invoice 1671771	E 101-41000-321 Telephone & Cor 4/1/2022	nmunic Fees			\$11.04
	E 101-41000-321 Telephone & Cor	nmunic Fiber Phor	ne		\$53.94
Invoice 1671771	4/1/2022				φ33.34
Cash Payment Invoice 1671771	E 101-41000-321 Telephone & Cor 4/1/2022	nmunic Taxes			\$6.62
	E 101-41000-321 Telephone & Cor	nmunic Fiber-Spee	ed Internet		\$49.95
Invoice 1671771					
	E 601-49400-321 Telephone & Cor	nmunic Fees			\$16.89
Invoice 1671773					
Cash Payment	E 601-49400-321 Telephone & Cor	nmunic Taxes			\$12.30
Invoice 1671773					
Cash Payment	E 601-49400-321 Telephone & Con	nmunic Fiber Phon	е		\$104.65
Invoice 1671773					
Transaction Date	4/1/2022	Frandsen Ba	ank 10100	Total	\$255.39
Refer	0 MINNESOTA AG GROUP		THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF
Cash Payment					
oudill ayillone	E 101-43100-200 Supplies	 HARDWAF	RE GD D- BOLT		\$23.52

Payments

		NOT A CASE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY.			
Cash Payment	E 101-43100-200 Supplies	HARDWARE GD	D- BOLT		\$29.76
Invoice IN0054					
Transaction Da	te 3/23/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100	Total	\$53.28
Refer	0 MN PUMP WORKS	_			
Cash Payment Invoice 16857	E 601-49400-400 Repairs and Maintenance 1/6/2022	: MP Voltage Monit	tors		\$21.07
Cash Payment	E 601-49400-400 Repairs and Maintenance	: MP Voltage Monit	ors		\$80.00
Invoice 16857	1/6/2022	voltage Monit	.013		\$60.00
Transaction Dat	te 6/1/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100	Total	\$101.07
Refer	0 QUADIENT LEASING	_			
Cash Payment	E 101-41000-413 Rental	Lease payment			\$207.96
Invoice N93431	95 3/29/2022				
Transaction Dat	e 3/29/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100	Total	\$207.96
Refer	0 STREICHERS	-	Marie Company of the		
Cash Payment	E 101-42100-217 Uniforms	PD uniforms			\$170.00
Invoice 115594					
	E 101-42100-217 Uniforms	PD uniforms			\$90.97
Invoice 115582					
	E 101-42100-217 Uniforms	PD uniforms			\$74.99
Invoice 115605					
Control of the Contro	E 101-42100-217 Uniforms	PD uniforms			\$16.99
Invoice 1156096					
Transaction Date	e 3/28/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100	Total	\$352.95
Refer	0 SVIEN, BENNY H.	_			oranos de la colonidada
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-312 Plan Review Expense	Permit #7227			\$552.29
Invoice	4/4/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-311 Bldg Permit Expense	Permit #7227			\$25.49
Invoice	4/4/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-314 Mechanical Permit Exper	Permit #7227			\$1.50
Invoice	4/4/2022				
Cash Payment Invoice	E 101-42400-315 Plumbing Permit Expens 4/4/2022	Permit #7227			\$1.64
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-312 Plan Review Expense	Permit #7229			\$539.55
Invoice	4/4/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-315 Plumbing Permit Expens	Permit #7229			\$1.50
Invoice	4/4/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-311 Bldg Permit Expense	Permit #7229			\$24.90
nvoice	4/4/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-314 Mechanical Permit Expen	Permit #7229			\$1.73
nvoice	4/4/2022				
Cash Payment nvoice	E 101-42400-311 Bldg Permit Expense 3/29/2022	Permit #4212			\$2.93
	E 101-42400-312 Plan Review Expense	Permit #4212			\$63.46
nvoice	3/29/2022	onnic na izaz			Ψ05.40
	E 101-42400-311 Bldg Permit Expense	Permit #4215			\$2.30
nvoice	4/4/2022				Ψ2.00
ash Payment	E 101-42400-312 Plan Review Expense	Permit #4215			\$49.81
nvoice	4/4/2022				

Payments

Cash Payment	E 101-42400-311 Bldg Permit Expense	Permit #4216			\$2.51
Invoice	4/4/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-312 Plan Review Expense	Permit #4216			\$54.36
Invoice	4/4/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-315 Plumbing Permit Expens	Permit #4216			\$0.06
Invoice	4/4/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-311 Bldg Permit Expense	Permit #7225			\$25.49
Invoice	3/30/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-312 Plan Review Expense	Permit #7225			\$552.29
Invoice	3/30/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-315 Plumbing Permit Expens	Permit #7225			\$1.64
Invoice	3/30/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-314 Mechanical Permit Exper	n Permit #7225			\$1.50
Invoice	3/30/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-311 Bldg Permit Expense	Permit #7226			\$24.90
Invoice	4/4/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-312 Plan Review Expense	Permit #7226			\$539.55
Invoice	4/4/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-315 Plumbing Permit Expens	Permit #7226			\$1.73
Invoice	4/4/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-314 Mechanical Permit Expen	Permit #7226			\$1.50
Invoice	4/4/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-311 Bldg Permit Expense	Permit #7228			\$31.71
Invoice	3/29/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-312 Plan Review Expense	Permit #7228			\$686.97
Invoice	3/29/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-315 Plumbing Permit Expens	Permit #7228			\$2.33
Invoice	4/4/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-314 Mechanical Permit Expen	Permit #7228			\$2.48
Invoice	4/4/2022				
Transaction Dat	e 4/4/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100	Total	\$3,196.12
Refer (010)	0 VERIZON				
Cash Payment	E 101-42100-321 Telephone & Communic	cell phones		VOID	\$128.57
Invoice 9901663		and the state of t		V 0 . D	
Transaction Date	e 3/11/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100	Total	\$128.57 \$128.57
					720.01
Refer	0 VESSCO, INC.				00.405.00
Cash Payment	E 601-49400-400 Repairs and Maintenanc	maintenance parts			\$3,105.00
Invoice 86717	2/18/2022				
Cash Payment	E 601-49400-400 Repairs and Maintenanc	maintenance parts			\$55.09
Invoice 87140	3/29/2022				
Cash Payment	E 601-49400-400 Repairs and Maintenanc	maintenance parts			\$2,470.00
Invoice 87140	3/29/2022				
Transaction Date	e 2/18/2022 F	randsen Bank	10100	Total	\$5,630.09
Refer	0 WATERFORD OIL COMPANY INC				
Cash Payment	E 602-49450-211 Equipment Fuel	#1 RED NONBIO			\$190.86
Invoice 68069	3/15/2022				
Cash Payment	E 601-49400-211 Equipment Fuel	#1 RED NONBIO			\$190.86
Invoice 68069	3/15/2022				

Payments

Transaction Da	ite 3/15/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100	Total	\$381.72
Refer	0 ABDO FINANCIAL SOLUTION	IS, LLC			
Cash Payment	E 101-41000-301 Auditing and Acc				\$3,770.00
Invoice 455860	4/1/2022				
Cash Payment	E 225-43150-301 Auditing and Acc	ct g Servi April services			\$290.00
Invoice 455860	4/1/2022				
Cash Payment	E 601-49400-301 Auditing and Acc	ct g Servi April services			\$725.00
Invoice 455860					
Cash Payment	E 602-49450-301 Auditing and Acc	et g Servi April services			\$725.00
Invoice 455860					
Cash Payment	E 603-49500-301 Auditing and Acc	et a Servi April services			\$290.00
Invoice 455860		J			4200.00
Transaction Da		Frandsen Bank	10100	Total	\$5,800.00
Refer	0 ALBERS A & A PORTABLE SI	/CS			
Cash Payment	E 101-45200-413 Rental	Portable Restroor	n Pontal		650.00
Invoice 1385	3/31/2022	Fortable Restroof	ii Kentai		\$50.00
		Franks - David	10100	T-4-1	050.00
Transaction Dat	te 4/6/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100	Total	\$50.00
Refer	0 KWIK TRIP INC	_			
Cash Payment	E 101-42100-418 Vehicle Fuels	fuel			\$593.35
Invoice MAR22	00224244 3/31/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-43100-418 Vehicle Fuels	fuel			\$397.20
Invoice MAR22	00285195 3/31/2022				
Transaction Dat	e 4/6/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100	Total	\$990.55
Refer	0 METRO FIBERNET LLC	and which the the same and the same that the same by the starts			
Cash Payment	E 101-42100-321 Telephone & Co	mmunic phone			\$61.78
Invoice MAR22	The second of th	F.1.5.1.5			ψ31.70
Transaction Dat		Frandsen Bank	10100	Total	\$61.78
Refer	0 SVIEN, BENNY H.				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-311 Bldg Permit Expe	nse Permit #4210			\$5.24
Invoice	3/28/2022	1 6111111 11 12 10			ψ3.24
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-312 Plan Review Exp	ense Permit #4210			\$113.51
Invoice	3/28/2022	5113C 1 CITIIL #4210			\$115.51
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-315 Plumbing Permit	Evnens Permit #4210			\$0.50
Invoice	3/28/2022	Expens 1 cmill #4210			Ψ0.30
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-314 Mechanical Perm	it Evnen Permit #4210			\$0.45
Invoice	3/28/2022	it Expert i erriit #4210			φ0.45
Transaction Date		Frandsen Bank	10100	Total	\$119.70
Refer		Transcon Bank	10100		ψ110.70
Cash Payment	0 SVIEN, BENNY H.				04.00
	E 101-42400-311 Bldg Permit Expe	nse permit #4211			\$1.88
Invoice	3/30/2022	" " 1011			
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-312 Plan Review Expe	ense permit #4211			\$40.76
Invoice	3/30/2022				
Transaction Date	e 4/6/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100	Total	\$42.64
Refer	0 SVIEN, BENNY H.	_			
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-311 Bldg Permit Exper	nse Pemrit #4214			\$6.63
Invoice	4/4/2022				

Payments

Cash Payment	E 101-42400-312 Plan Review Expense	Pemrit #4214			\$143.57
Invoice	4/4/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-315 Plumbing Permit Expe	ens Pemrit #4214			\$0.50
Invoice	4/4/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-42400-314 Mechanical Permit Ex	pen Pemrit #4214			\$0.45
Invoice	4/4/2022				
Transaction Da	te 4/6/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100	Total	\$151.15
Refer	0 UTILITY SERVICE CO., INC	_			
Cash Payment	E 601-49400-400 Repairs and Maintena	nc Quarterly pedisph	nere east tower		\$5,851.40
Invoice 556335	5 4/1/2022				
Cash Payment	E 601-49400-400 Repairs and Maintena	nc Quarterly compos	site west tank		\$6,877.62
Invoice 556336	4/1/2022				
Transaction Da	te 4/6/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100	Total	\$12,729.02
Refer	0 XCEL ENERGY	_			
Cash Payment	E 101-43124-381 Electricity	utilities			\$2,098.12
Invoice 774200	027 4/4/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-43124-381 Electricity	utilities			-\$0.38
Invoice 774200	027 4/4/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-43124-381 Electricity	utilities			\$33.64
Invoice 774200	027 4/4/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-45200-381 Electricity	utilities			\$15.95
Invoice 774200	027 4/4/2022				
Cash Payment	E 101-45200-381 Electricity	utilities			\$54.32
Invoice 774200					
Cash Payment	E 601-49400-381 Electricity	utilities			\$247.58
Invoice 774200					
Cash Payment	E 602-49450-381 Electricity	utilities			\$608.23
Invoice 7742000					
Cash Payment	S DOSA S TO MARCO SALES D SECRESSION CONTROL OF	utilities			\$143.35
Invoice 7742000	027 4/4/2022				
	E 601-49400-381 Electricity	utilities			\$143.36
Invoice 7742000					
	E 601-49400-381 Electricity	utilities			\$395.91
Invoice 7742000					
	E 602-49450-381 Electricity	utilities			\$539.22
Invoice 7742000	027 4/4/2022 E 601-49400-381 Electricity	PPP			
Invoice 7742000		utilities			\$98.28
	E 601-49400-381 Electricity	utilition			¢40.47
Invoice 7742000		utilities			\$13.17
Cash Payment	E 101-45200-381 Electricity	utilities			#62.22
Invoice 7742000		utilities			\$62.22
Cash Payment	E 601-49400-381 Electricity	utilities			¢2 420 60
Invoice 7742000		dilities			\$2,420.69
Cash Payment	E 101-45200-381 Electricity	utilities			\$134.77
Invoice 7742000		aunuco			φ134.77
Cash Payment	E 101-42100-381 Electricity	utilities			\$200.70
Invoice 7742000	,	3			Ψ200.70

Payments

Cash Payment E 101-43100-381 Electricity	utilities			\$200.71
Invoice 774200027 4/4/2022				
Cash Payment E 101-43124-381 Electricity	utilities			\$92.60
Invoice 774200027 4/4/2022				
Cash Payment E 101-41000-381 Electricity	utilities			\$360.11
Invoice 774200027 4/4/2022				
Cash Payment E 101-41000-381 Electricity	utilities			\$564.60
Invoice 774200027 4/4/2022				
Transaction Date 4/6/2022	Frandsen Bank	10100	Total	\$8,427.15
Fund Summary				
	10100 Frandsen Bank			
101 GENERAL FUND	\$36,167.20			
225 STORM SEWER	\$290.00			
601 WATER	\$56,460.94			
602 SEWER	\$3,553.14			
603 REFUSE	\$8,244.04		- 1	
	\$104,715.32	- 128.57	(VOID check)	
Pre-Written Checks	\$0.00			
Checks to be Generated by the Computer	\$1 04,715.32			
Total			-21 2-	
Total	\$104,715.32 ~ Z8:57	= 104,	586.75	



MEMORANDUM

To: Honorable Mayor and City Council

Dundas, Minnesota

From: Dustin M Tipp, P.E.

City Engineer

Date: April 11, 2022

Re: Accept the Quotes and Award a Contract for the Memorial Park Improvements

Introduction

Attached is a resolution to accept the quotes and award a contract for the Memorial Park Improvements project.

Background

The Memorial Park Improvements project includes paving the existing gravel access road; milling and paving the existing Mills Town Trail within the park; the addition of a new trail for access to the pavilion; and miscellaneous concrete work including a concrete pad for the dumpsters, a concrete apron on the maintenance access road south of 1st Street, and a concrete flume at 1st Street and Everett Street.

Based on the estimated cost of the construction, the City was not required to publish an advertisement for bids. Instead, on March 14, 2022, a Request for Quotes was sent to five contractors that perform this type of work. Quotes were due at 2:00 p.m. on March 25, 2022. A total of two (2) contractors submitted quotes as summarized below:

Contractor	Quote Amount				
Heselton Construction, LLC.	\$ 122,701.00				
McNamara Contracting, Inc.	\$ 129,895.00				
Engineer's Estimate	\$ 114,206.25				

Fiscal Impact

The low bid is slightly higher than the Engineer's Estimate. Adequate funding is identified in the Capital Improvement Plan for the improvements. City staff recommends award of the contract to Heselton Construction, LLC.; this contractor has successfully completed multiple similar projects in the past. As with most street and utility projects bid by the City, this is a unit

price contract, so the final contract amount may vary based on the final quantities. The quote tabulation summary is attached.

Alternatives

- 1. Adopt the attached resolution to Accept the Quotes and Award a Contract for the Memorial Park Improvements to Heselton Construction, LLC. in the amount of their bid.
- 2. Deny the request.

Staff Recommendation

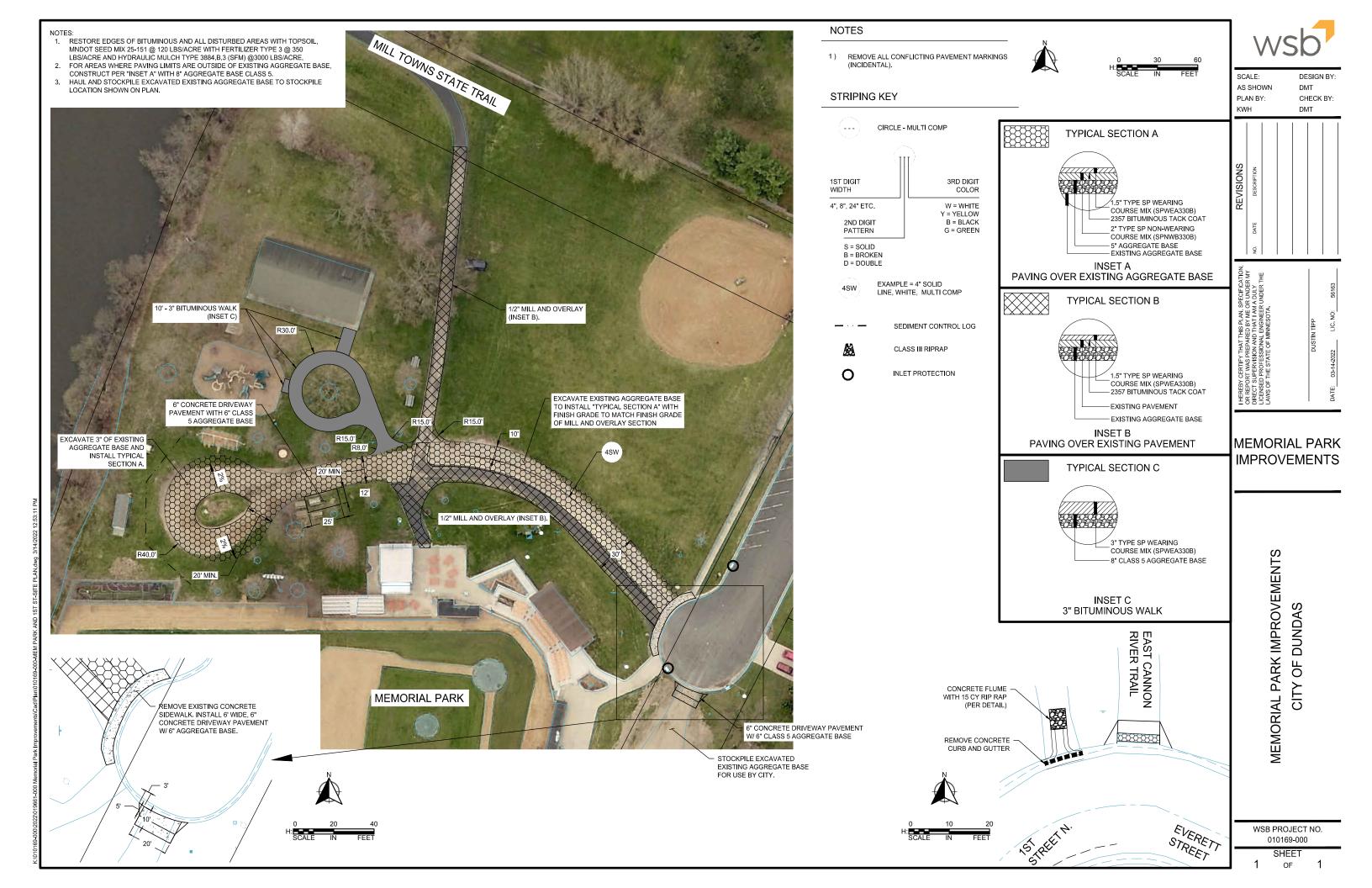
Alternative No. 1: Adopt the attached resolution to Accept the Quotes and Award a

Contract for the Memorial Park Improvements to Heselton Construction,

LLC. in the amount of their bid.

Attachments

- 1. Project Exhibit.
- 2. Quote Tabulation Summary.
- 3. Resolution to Accept the Quotes and Award a Contract.



QUOTE TABULATION SUMMARY

Memorial Park Improvements Project City of Dundas, MN WSB Project No. 010169-000

Quote Opening: Friday March 25, 2022 2:00 pm



DENOTES CORRECTED FIGURE

(Contractor	Grand Total Quote
	Heselton Construction, LLC.	\$122,701.00
	McNamara Contracting, Inc.	\$129,895.00
F	Engineer's Opinion of Cost	\$114,206.25

CITY OF DUNDAS COUNTY OF RICE STATE OF MINNESOTA

RESOLUTION NUMBER 2022 - 09

A Resolution Accepting the Quotes and Awarding a Contract for the Memorial Park Improvements

WHEREAS, pursuant to a request for quotes by the City of Dundas (the "City"), Minnesota, for the Memorial Park Improvements project, quotes were received and tabulated according to law, and the following quotes were received complying with the Request for Quotes:

Contractor	Quote Amount				
Heselton Construction, LLC.	\$ 122,701.00				
McNamara Contracting, Inc.	\$ 129,895.00				

and

WHEREAS, the City Engineer has reviewed the quotes, and in the best interest of the City, it appears Heselton Construction, LLC. is the lowest responsible bidder at \$122,701.00;

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF **DUNDAS, MINNESOTA**:

1. The Mayor and City Administrator/Clerk are hereby authorized and directed to enter into a contract with Heselton Construction, LLC., in the name of the City of Dundas for the Memorial Park Improvements project according to the Request for Quotes on file in the office of the City Administrator/Clerk.

ADOPTED, by the City Council of Dundas, Minnesota, on this 11th day of April 2022.

CITY OF DUNDAS BY:	ATTEST:
Glenn Switzer, Mayor	Jenelle Teppen, City Administrator/Clerk

Resolution 2022-09

bergankov

City of Dundas Rice County, Minnesota

Communications Letter

December 31, 2021



City of Dundas Table of Contents

Report on Matters Identified as a Result of the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements	1
Other Deficiency	3
Required Communication	4
Financial Analysis	8
Emerging Issue	17

bergankov

Report on Matters Identified as a Result of the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and Management City of Dundas Dundas, Minnesota

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Dundas, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, including the possibility of management override of controls, misstatements due to error, or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's basic financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A reasonable possibility exists when the likelihood of an event occurring is either reasonably possible or probable as defined as follows:

- *Reasonably possible*. The chance of the future event or events occurring is more than remote but less than likely.
- *Probable*. The future event or events are likely to occur.

We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

During our audit, we also became aware of deficiencies in internal control other than significant deficiencies or material weaknesses, and other matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. They are described in the accompanying letter under Other Deficiency and Recommendation for Management.

The accompanying memorandum also includes financial analysis provided as a basis for discussion. The matters discussed herein were considered by us during our audit and they do not modify the opinion expressed in our Independent Auditor's Report dated April 6, 2022, on such statements.

This communication, which is an integral part of our audit, is intended solely for the information and use of management, the members of the City Council, others within the City and state oversight agencies and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Bergan KOV, Ltd.

Minneapolis, Minnesota April 6, 2022

City of Dundas Other Deficiency

Lack of Segregation of Accounting Duties

The City had a lack of segregation of accounting duties due to a limited number of office employees. The lack of adequate segregation of accounting duties could adversely affect the City's ability to initiate, record, process, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

Management and Members of the City Council are aware of this condition and have taken certain steps to compensate for the lack of segregation, but due to the number of staff needed to properly segregate all accounting duties, the costs of obtaining desirable segregation of accounting duties can often exceed benefits which could be derived. However, management and the Members of the City Council must remain aware of this situation and should continually monitor the accounting system, including changes that occur.

We recommend management, along with the Members of the City Council, evaluate the risks related to the deficiency and respond with improvements to processes to mitigate these risks. In doing this, management and the Members of the City Council must weigh the costs associated with adding more staff or procedures to its operations.

We have audited the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021. Professional standards require that we advise you of the following matters related to our audit.

Our Responsibility in Relation to the Financial Statement Audit

As communicated in our engagement letter, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to form and express opinions about whether the basic financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the basic financial statements does not relieve you or management of its respective responsibilities.

Our responsibility, as prescribed by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit of the basic financial statements includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, as part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the City solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are also responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgement, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to communicate to you.

Generally accepted accounting principles provide for certain Required Supplementary Information (RSI) to supplement the basic financial statements. Our responsibility with respect to the RSI, which supplements the basic financial statements, is to apply certain limited procedures in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. However, the RSI was not audited and, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

Our responsibility for the supplementary information accompanying the basic financial statements, as described by professional standards, is to evaluate the presentation of the supplementary information in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole and to report on whether the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Our Responsibility in Relation to Government Auditing Standards

As communicated in our engagement letter, part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of basic financial statement amounts. However, the objective of our tests was not to provide an opinion on compliance with such provisions.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We conducted our audit consistent with the planned scope and timing we previously communicated to you.

Compliance with All Ethics Requirements Regarding Independence

The engagement team, others in our firm, as appropriate, our firm, and our network firms have complied with all relevant ethical requirements regarding independence.

Significant Risks Identified

We have identified the following significant risks of material misstatement:

- Risk of improper revenue recognition
- Risk related to segregation of accounting duties
- Risk of management override of internal control
- Risk of misappropriation of assets

Qualitative Aspects of the City's Significant Accounting Practices

Significant Accounting Policies

Management has the responsibility to select and use appropriate accounting policies. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the City is included in the notes to basic financial statements. There have been no initial selection of accounting policies and no changes to significant accounting policies or their application during 2021. No matters have come to our attention that would require us, under professional standards, to inform you about (1) the methods used to account for significant unusual transactions and (2) the effect of significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Significant Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the basic financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's current judgements. Those judgements are normally based on knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the basic financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgements. The most sensitive estimates affecting the basic financial statements relate to:

Depreciation – The City is currently depreciating its capital assets over their estimated useful lives, as determined by management, using the straight-line method.

Expense Allocation – Certain expenses are allocated to programs based on an estimate of the benefit to that particular program. Examples are salaries, benefits, and supplies.

Net Pension Liability, Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – These balances are based on an allocation by the pension plans using estimates based on contributions.

Qualitative Aspects of the City's Significant Accounting Practices (Continued)

Significant Accounting Estimates (Continued)

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the accounting estimates and determined that they are reasonable in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole and in relation to the applicable opinion units.

Financial Statement Disclosures

Certain basic financial statement disclosures involve significant judgment and are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The basic financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Significant Difficulties Encountered during the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management relating to the performance of the audit.

Uncorrected and Corrected Misstatements

For the purposes of this communication, professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Further, professional standards require us to also communicate the effects of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods on the relevant classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures, and the basic financial statements as a whole and each opinion unit. Management did not identify and we did not notify them of any uncorrected financial statement misstatements.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, which could be significant to the City's financial statements or the auditor's report. No such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Representations Requested from Management

We have requested certain written representations from management, which are included in the management representation letter.

Management's Consultations with Other Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management has informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no consultations with other accountants regarding auditing and accounting matters.

Other Significant Matters, Findings, or Issues

In the normal course of our professional association with the City, we generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, significant events or transactions that occurred during the year, operating and regulatory conditions affecting the City, and operational plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement. None of the matters discussed resulted in a condition to our retention as the City's auditor.

Other Information Included in Annual Reports

Pursuant to professional standards, our responsibility as auditors for other information, whether financial or nonfinancial, included in the City's annual reports, does not extend beyond the information identified in the audit report, and we are not required to perform any procedures to corroborate such other information.

We applied certain limited procedures to the RSI that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves.

The following pages provide graphic representation of select data pertaining to the financial position and operations of the City for the past five years. Our analysis of each graph is presented to provide a basis for discussion of past performance and how implementing certain changes may enhance future performance. A subsequent discussion of this information should be useful for planning purposes.

General Fund – Revenues

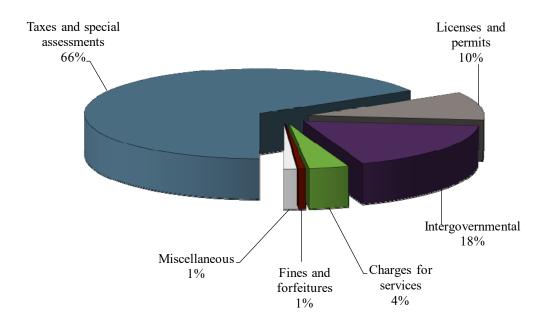
The graphs below and on the following page represent the General Fund revenues by source. Overall, revenue in 2021 decreased \$472,278 from \$1,795,915 in 2020, a decrease of 26.3%. The largest decrease of \$264,722 was realized in taxes and special assessments due to a change in recording property tax revenues. Property taxes benefiting other funds are now recorded directly to those funds as property tax revenues. Intergovernmental revenue decreased \$93,383 due in large part to receiving significant funds in 2020 for the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act. Licenses and permits decreased \$50,474 in 2021 as building permit and plan check revenue was lower compared to 2020. Charges and services decreased \$48,884 related to zoning and other fees.

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 868,266	\$ 969,210	\$ 1,005,968	\$ 1,144,650	\$ 879,928
Licenses and permits	109,138	125,661	74,370	184,064	133,590
Intergovernmental	187,501	221,509	209,085	330,430	237,047
Charges for services	29,724	16,935	58,550	96,765	47,881
Fines and forfeitures	16,937	24,741	26,112	11,329	9,206
Miscellaneous	41,126	26,907	56,101	28,677	15,985
Total Revenues	\$ 1,252,692	\$ 1,384,963	\$ 1,430,186	\$ 1,795,915	\$ 1,323,637

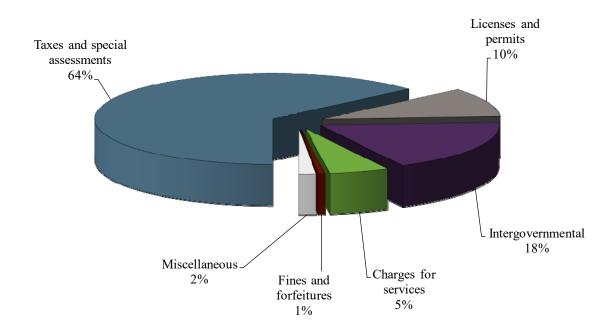
The overall allocation of revenues among the various sources changed from 2020 to 2021 as shown on the following page. The allocation remained relatively consistent from 2020 but did change relative to the changes in revenue explained above.

General Fund – Revenues (Continued)

2021 General Fund Revenues



2020 General Fund Revenues



General Fund – Revenues Budget to Actual

The chart below outlines the budgeted revenues compared to actual revenues for the General Fund.

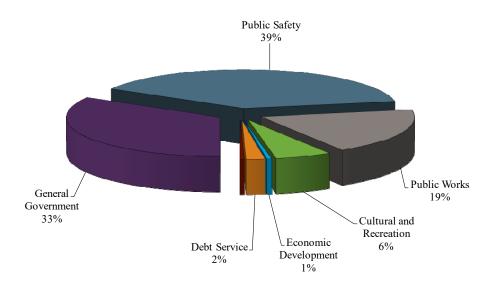
For 2021, actual revenues of \$1,323,637 came in \$102,487, or 8.4%, over budgeted revenue of \$1,221,150. The largest variance of \$55,090 was in licenses and permits, which was over budget due to conservative budgeting for building permits and plan check fees. Intergovernmental revenue was \$35,358 over budget due to small city assistance funding received. Charges for services was \$19,181 over budget relating to zoning and other fees which were higher than budgeted.

	Budgeted	Variance With			
	Amounts	Actual	Final Budget -		
	Final Amounts		Over (Under)		
Revenues	* 0.70.061	Φ 050 000			
Property taxes	\$ 872,261	\$ 879,928	\$ 7,667		
Licenses and permits	78,500	133,590	55,090		
Intergovernmental	201,689	237,047	35,358		
Charges for services	28,700	47,881	19,181		
Fines and forfeitures	25,000	9,206	(15,794)		
Miscellaneous	15,000	15,985	985		
Total Revenues	1,221,150	1,323,637	102,487		
Expenditures					
General government	386,505	417,499	30,994		
Public safety	505,155	484,684	(20,471)		
Public works	215,070	236,970	21,900		
Cultural and recreation	77,760	74,487	(3,273)		
Economic development	3,055	6,106	3,051		
Capital outlay	8,650	5,613	(3,037)		
Debt service	24,955	24,953	(2)		
Total Expenditures	1,221,150	1,250,312	29,162		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from Capital Leases	_	69,723	69,723		
Transfers Out	_	(1,132,433)	(1,132,433)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(1,062,710)	(1,062,710)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ (989,385)	\$ (989,385)		

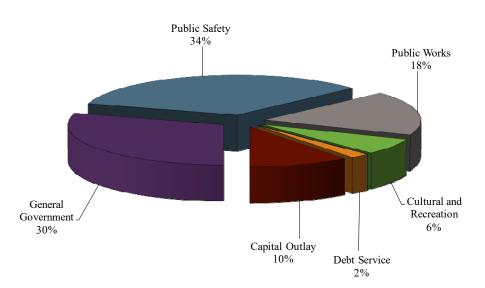
General Fund – Expenditures

General Fund expenditures decreased \$33,410, or 2.6%, from 2020 to 2021. There was a \$128,534 decrease in capital outlay expenditures due in large part to a new card access system that was installed in 2020. This was offset by a \$51,731 increase in the Public Safety program due to higher salary expenditures based on police staffing levels related to vacant positions in 2020. General Government expenditures increased due to greater fees for engineering, planning, and salaries in 2021. The following graphs represent the General Fund expenditures by function, with Public Safety making up the largest expenditure category. The percentage of expenditures by function stayed relatively consistent from 2020 to 2021.

2021 General Fund Expenditures



2020 General Fund Expenditures

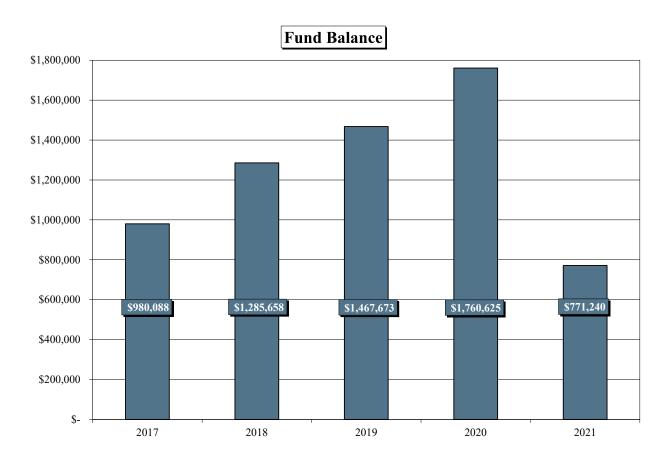


General Fund – Expenditures Budget to Actual

The budget of \$1,221,150 had a variance of \$29,162, or 2.4%, when compared to actual expenditures of \$1,250,312. The largest variance was in General Government expenditures, which were \$30,994 over budget due in part to budgeting for less expenditures for repairs and maintenance than what were incurred during the year. Public Works expenditures came in \$21,900 over budget, due to actual road maintenance supply expenditures exceeding budgeted expenditures in 2021. Public Safety expenditures were \$20,471 under budget based on anticipated police salary expenditures along with costs for fire management. Other budgeted expenditure types were in line with actual expenditures.

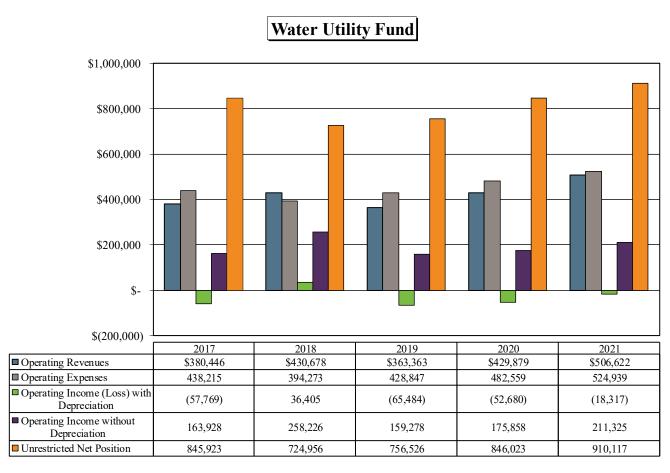
General Fund – Fund Balance

The graph below shows the General Fund balances for the past five years. Fund balance decreased significantly in 2021 due to transfers out of excess cash reserves from the General Fund to capital project funds. The unrestricted fund balance of \$771,240 at the end of 2021 represents approximately seven months of budgeted 2022 expenditures of \$1,363,183. The City's target General Fund balance is to maintain an unassigned fund balance of an amount not less than 55% of the next year's budgeted expenditures of the General Fund. At December 31, 2021, the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represented 55% of 2022 budgeted expenditures.



Water Utility Fund

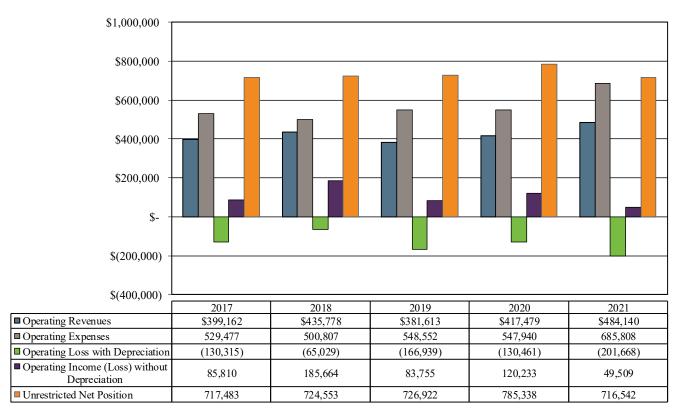
Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity in which a fee is charged. It is not required to have the fee support the entire activity; however, the basic premise in establishing an enterprise fund is the activity will be operated similar to a business. Therefore, it is expected an enterprise fund would at least be able to meet its obligations currently and into the future.



In 2021, operating revenues increased \$76,743 due primarily to increases in customers and usage. Operating expenses increased \$42,380 from 2020 to 2021, due in part to an increase water meter supplies and other related expenses. The result of 2021 activity was operating income, without depreciation, of \$211,325. Unrestricted net position increased \$64,094 from 2020 to 2021.

Sewer Utility Fund

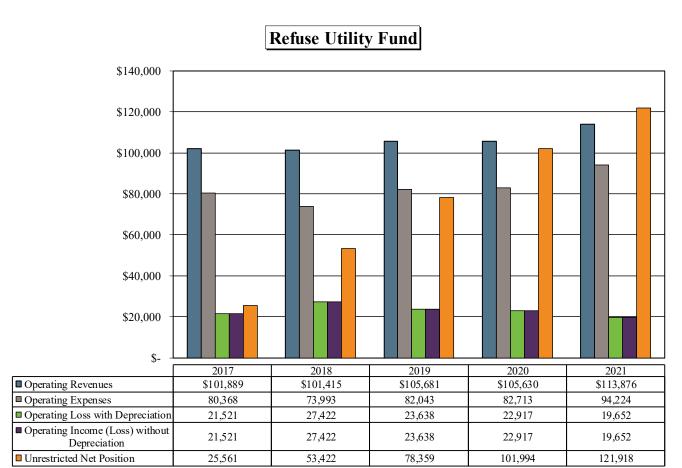
Sewer Utility Fund



In 2021, operating revenues increased \$66,661 due primarily to increases in customers and usage. Operating expenses increased \$137,868 from 2020 to 2021 with more costs for professional fees and utilities in 2021. The result of 2021 activity was operating income, without depreciation, of \$49,509. Unrestricted net position decreased \$68,796 from 2020 to 2021.

City of Dundas Financial Analysis

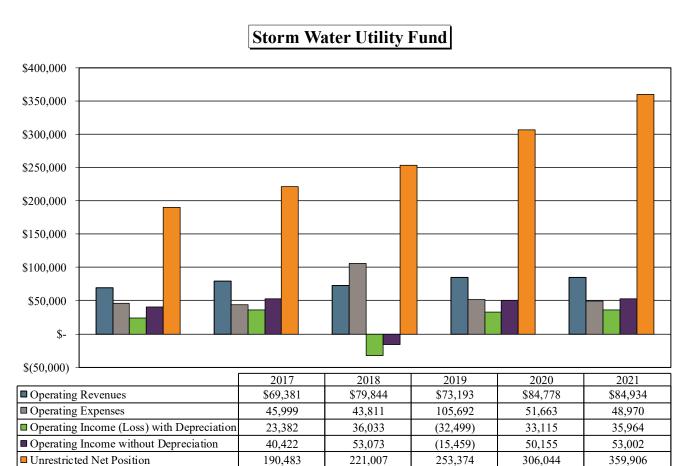
Refuse Utility Fund



Refuse utility operating revenues increased \$8,246 while expenses increased \$11,511 from 2020 to 2021. Revenue increased with added customers while expenses increased based on higher garbage disposal costs. The result of 2021 activity was operating income of \$19,652. Unrestricted net position increased \$19,924 from 2020 to 2021.

City of Dundas Financial Analysis

Storm Water Utility Fund



In 2021, operating revenues increased \$156 while expenses decreased \$2,693. The result of 2021 activity was operating income, without depreciation, of \$53,002. Unrestricted net position increased \$53,862 from 2020 to 2021.

City of Dundas Emerging Issue

Executive Summary

The following is an executive summary of financial and business related updates to assist you in staying current on emerging issues in accounting and finance. This summary will give you a preview of the new standards that have been recently issued and what is on the horizon for the near future. The most recent and significant update includes:

• Accounting Standard Update – GASB Statement No. 87 – Leases – GASB has issued GASB Statement No. 87 relating to accounting and financial reporting for leases. This new statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financing of the right to use an underlying asset.

The following are extensive summaries of the current updates. As your continued business partner, we are committed to keeping you informed of new and emerging issues. We are happy to discuss this issue with you further and their applicability to your City.

Accounting Standard Update - GASB Statement No. 87 - Leases

The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' basic financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

A lease is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset (the underlying asset) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Examples of nonfinancial assets include buildings, land, vehicles, and equipment. Any contract that meets this definition should be accounted for under the leases guidance, unless specifically excluded in this Statement.

A short-term lease is defined as a lease that, at the commencement of the lease term, has a maximum possible term under the lease contract of 12 months (or less), including any options to extend, regardless of their probability of being exercised. Lessees and lessors should recognize short-term lease payments as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, respectively, based on the payment provisions of the lease contract.

City of Dundas Emerging Issue

Accounting Standard Update - GASB Statement No. 87 - Leases (Continued)

A lessee should recognize a lease liability and a lease asset at the commencement of the lease term, unless the lease is a short-term lease or it transfers ownership of the underlying asset. The lease liability should be measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The lease asset should be measured at the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. A lessee should reduce the lease liability as payments are made and recognize an outflow of resources (for example, expense) for interest on the liability. The lessee should amortize the lease asset in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset. The notes to basic financial statements should include a description of leasing arrangements, the amount of lease assets recognized, and a schedule of future lease payments to be made.

A lessor should recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources at the commencement of the lease term, with certain exceptions for leases of assets held as investments, certain regulated leases, short-term leases, and leases that transfer ownership of the underlying asset. A lessor should not derecognize the asset underlying the lease. The lease receivable should be measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. The deferred inflow of resources should be measured at the value of the lease receivable plus any payments received at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods. A lessor should recognize interest revenue on the lease receivable and an inflow of resources (for example, revenue) from the deferred inflows of resources in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease. The notes to basic financial statements should include a description of leasing arrangements and the total amount of inflows of resources recognized from leases.

GASB Statement No. 87 is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Information provided above was obtained from www.gasb.org.

bergankov

City of Dundas Rice County, Minnesota

Financial Statements

December 31, 2021



City of Dundas Table of Contents

Elected Officials and Administration	1
Independent Auditor's Report	2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	20
Statement of Activities	21
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	22
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	
- Governmental Funds	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
- Governmental Funds	24
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	2.5
Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities – Governmental Funds	25
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	2.0
- Budget and Actual - General Fund	26
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	27
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	20
- Proprietary Funds	29
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	30 32
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	32
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Notes to Basic Financial Statements	33
Notes to basic Financial Statements	33
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	
- General Employees Retirement Fund	62
Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	(2
- Public Employees Police and Fire Retirement Fund	62
Schedule of City Contributions – General Employees Retirement Fund	63
Schedule of City Contributions – Public Employees Police and Fire	(2
Retirement Fund	63
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	64
Supplementary Information	-
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	72
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
- Nonmajor Governmental Funds	76
Detailed Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	0.0
 Budget and Actual – General Fund 	80

City of Dundas Table of Contents

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	83
Minnesota Legal Compliance	85

City of Dundas Elected Officials and Administration December 31, 2021

Elected Officials	Position	Term Expires
Glenn Switzer	Mayor	December 31, 2022
Larry Fowler	Council Member	December 31, 2022
Luke Swartwood	Council Member	December 31, 2024
Luke La Croix	Council Member	December 31, 2024
Grant Modory	Council Member	December 31, 2022
Administration		
Jenelle Teppen	City Administrator	
Abdo Financial Solutions, LLC	Consulting Finance Manager	

bergankov

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Dundas Dundas, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Dundas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Dundas, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Dundas and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City of Dundas's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Dundas's ability to continue as a going concern for one year beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Dundas's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Dundas's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, which follows this report letter, and Required Supplementary information as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Dundas's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 6, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bergan KOV, Ltd.

Minneapolis, Minnesota April 6, 2022

As management of the City of Dundas, Minnesota, (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$13,307,216 (net position). Of this amount, \$3,754,478 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- There was an increase in the City's total net position of \$88,918. The increase is attributable to the governmental activities and business-type activities, increasing net position by \$210,300 and decreasing net position by \$121,382, respectively. The main contributor to the increase was an increase in General Fund charges for services and an increase in intergovernmental revenues.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,913,814, an increase of \$89,264 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 39.2% of this total amount, \$749,573, is unassigned and available for spending at the City's discretion. An additional 6.4% of this total amount, \$122,600, is restricted for specific purposes. An additional 53.3% of this amount, \$1,020,152, is assigned by management to show the intent of the funds but is also available for spending at the City's discretion. The remaining 1.1% of this amount, \$21,489, is nonspendable for prepaid items.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$749,751, which is 60.0% of total General Fund expenditures or 55.0% of next year's General Fund budget.
- The City's total debt decreased \$504,576 during the current fiscal year. The decrease is due to regular bond payment made throughout the year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Figure 1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that provide details about nonmajor governmental funds, which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

Figure 1
Required Components of the
City's Annual Financial Report

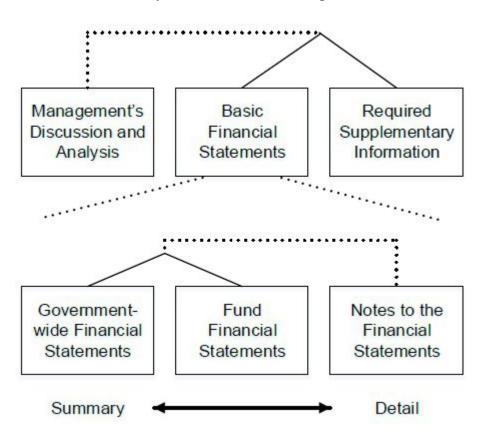


Figure 2 on the following page, summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Figure 2
Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

			Financial Statements	
	Government- wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, fire, and parks	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses, such as the water and sewer system	Instances in which the City administers resources on behalf of someone else
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statements of Net Position Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statements of Cash Flows 	Stateme nt of fiduciar y net position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of deferred outflows/ inflows of resources information	All deferred outflows/ inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Only deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All deferred outflows/ inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All deferred outflows/ inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid
Type of inflow/ outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued). The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *Net Position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, housing and economic development and interest on long-term debt. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, refuse, and storm water.

The government-wide financial statements start on page 20 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact by the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Governmental Funds (Continued). The City maintains numerous individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General and Capital Improvements funds, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other ten governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements or schedules elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements start on page 22 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, refuse utility and storm water operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for each of the enterprise funds. The Water Utility, Sewer Utility, Refuse Utility and Storm Water Utility funds are considered to be major enterprise funds.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements start on page 27 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. The City's Custodial fund is used to account for assets that the City holds for others in an agency capacity.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 32 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 33 of this report.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Required Supplementary Information. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis starting on page 5 and the Schedules of City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, the Schedules of City Contributions and the notes to the Required Supplementary Information starting on page 62 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented following the notes to the financial statements. Combining fund financial statements and schedules start on page 72 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$13,307,216 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest part of the City's net position (71.2%) is the investment in capital assets. The investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) is reduced by any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding to arrive at capital assets net of related debt. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

City of Dundas' Summary of Net Position

	Gov	ernmental Activ	rities	Business-type Activities			
			Increase			Increase	
	2021	2020	(Decrease)	2021	2020	(Decrease)	
ssets							
Current and							
other assets	\$ 2,343,022	\$ 2,290,743	\$ 52,279	\$ 2,379,806	\$ 2,214,880	\$ 164,926	
Capital assets	6,254,887	6,436,158	(181,271)	9,019,599	9,491,654	(472,055)	
Total assets	8,597,909	8,726,901	(128,992)	11,399,405	11,706,534	(307,129)	
eferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred outflows of resources							
related to pensions	310,862	122,369	188,493	61,575	7,941	53,634	
iabilities							
Noncurrent liabilities							
outstanding	3,723,909	4,045,034	(321,125)	1,991,068	2,284,301	(293,233)	
Other liabilities	391,705	465,393	(73,688)	466,070	361,627	104,443	
Total liabilities	4,115,614	4,510,427	(394,813)	2,457,138	2,645,928	(188,790)	
eferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred inflows of resources							
related to pensions	426,701	182,687	244,014	63,082	6,405	56,677	
et Position							
Net investment in							
capital assets	2,640,895	2,603,173	37,722	6,832,277	7,022,743	(190,466)	
Restricted for other purposes	8,401	_	8,401	_	_	_	
Restricted for debt service	71,165	54,345	16,820	_	_	_	
Unrestricted	1,645,995	1,498,638	147,357	2,108,483	2,039,399	69,084	
Total net position	\$ 4,366,456	\$ 4,156,156	\$ 210,300	\$ 8,940,760	\$ 9,062,142	\$ (121,382)	

An additional portion of the City's net position (0.6%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (\$3,754,478) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the City as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$210,300. Key elements of the changes are as follows:

City of Dundas' Changes in Net Position

	Gor	vernmental Activ	rities	Business-type Activities			
		Increase			• •	Increase	
	2021	2020	(Decrease)	2021	2020	(Decrease)	
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 170,602	\$ 313,749	\$ (143,147)	\$ 1,298,223	\$ 1,205,391	\$ 92,832	
Operating grants							
and contributions	60,286	21,760	38,526	79	-	79	
Capital grants							
and contributions	2,000	1,616	384	-	-	-	
General Revenues							
Taxes	1,255,198	1,120,766	134,432	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental revenues							
not restricted to							
specific programs	179,017	311,714	(132,697)	-	-	-	
Interest and investment							
income	302	14,377	(14,075)	5,542	17,693	(12,151)	
Miscellaneous	73,751	15,807	-	-	-	-	
Gain (loss) on sale of							
capital assets	69,723			(10,054)	(3,084)	(6,970)	
Total revenues	1,810,879	1,799,789	(116,577)	1,293,790	1,220,000	73,790	
Expenses							
General government	645,154	643,510	1,644	-	-	-	
Public safety	463,334	417,881	45,453	-	-	-	
Public works	279,143	329,085	(49,942)	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	100,001	147,066	(47,065)	-	-	-	
Economic development	9,153	-	9,153				
Interest and fiscal charges	103,794	133,618	(29,824)	-	-	-	
Water	-	-	-	555,501	516,934	38,567	
Sewer	-	-	-	716,477	577,238	139,239	
Refuse	-	-	-	94,224	82,713	11,511	
Storm sewer				48,970	51,663	(2,693)	
Total expenses	1,600,579	1,671,160	(70,581)	1,415,172	1,228,548	186,624	
Change in Net Position	210,300	128,629	81,671	(121,382)	(8,548)	(112,834)	
Net Position, January 1	4,156,156	4,027,527	128,629	9,062,142	9,070,690	(8,548)	
Net Position, December 31	\$ 4,366,456	\$ 4,156,156	\$ 210,300	\$ 8,940,760	\$ 9,062,142	\$ (121,382)	

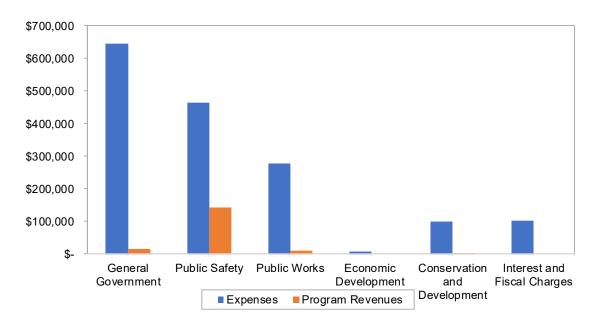
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities (Continued).

There were increases in property tax revenue, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues that outpaced the increases in operating expenses in the governmental funds, resulting in an increase in the net position. Increases in charges for service in the business-type activities were offset by increases in operating expenses. Notably, there was an increase in tax revenue due to an increase in taxes levied by the City and an increase in operating grants and contributions. Expenses increased in the governmental activities, except for public works and increased in the business type activities. Notably, there was an increase in public safety expenses and a decrease in public works.

The following graph depicts various governmental activities and shows the program revenues and expenses directly related to those activities.

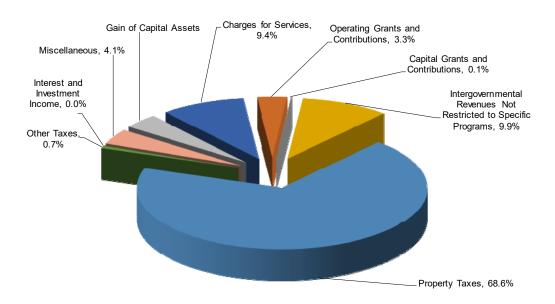
Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities (Continued).

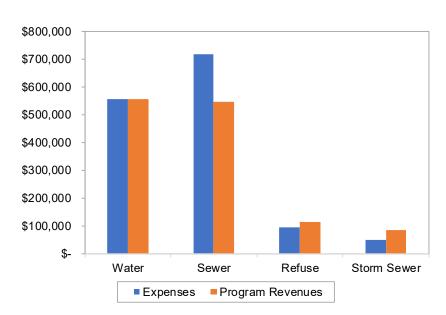
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Business-type Activities. Business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$121,382.

• Operating loss in the Sewer Utility fund of \$172,258 accounts for most of the decrease. The offsetting increase is due to Refuse of \$19,655 and Storm Sewer of \$35,964.

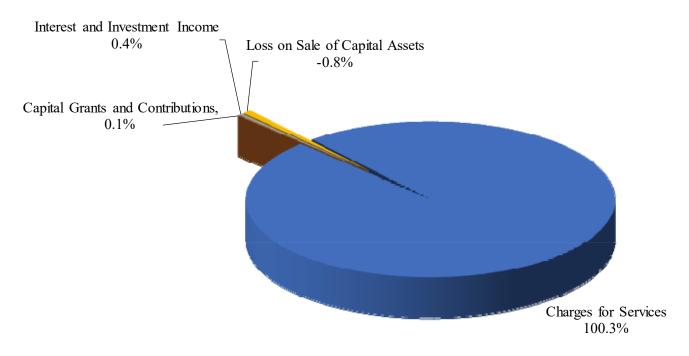
Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Business-type Activities (Continued).

Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The *General Fund* is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$771,240. The City's General Fund balance decreased \$989,385 during the current fiscal year. As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total budgeted expenditures. Total unassigned fund balance represents 60.0% of total 2021 expenditures.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City's General Fund budget was not amended during the year. The budget was balanced for 2021. Fund balance decreased \$989,385 from the prior year due to planned transfers for capital projects.

Overall revenues were over budget by \$102,487. The most significant positive revenue variance was from licenses and permits which was \$55,090 over budget. The most significant negative revenue variance was from investment income which were less then budget by \$17,073.

Overall expenditures were over budget by \$29,162. The most significant positive expenditure variance was from Public Safety which was \$20,771 under budget. The most significant negative expenditure variance was from the general government program which was more than budget by \$30,994.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2021, amounts to \$15,274,486 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, vehicles, land improvements, and infrastructure.

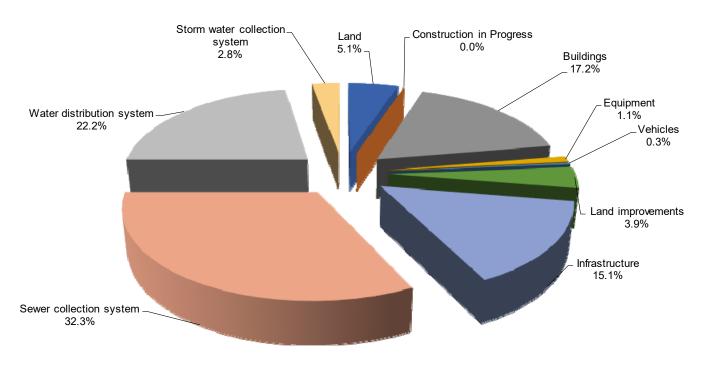
Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 starts on page 46 of this report.

City of Dundas' Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities							
		2021	2020		Increase (Decrease)		2021		2020			Increase Decrease)
Land	\$	558,674	\$	559,674	\$	(1,000)	\$	223,396	\$	223,396	\$	-
Construction in Progress		-		-		-		_		-		-
Buildings		2,619,856		2,664,605		(44,749)		_		-		-
Equipment		141,447		70,586		70,861		20,263		20,434		(171)
Vehicles		45,637		55,334		(9,697)		_		-		-
Land improvements		588,492		631,992		(43,500)		_		-		-
Infrastructure		2,300,781		2,453,967		(153,186)		_		-		-
Sewer collection system		-		-		_		4,951,762		5,197,942		(246,180)
Water distribution system		-		-		_		3,398,176		3,606,842		(208,666)
Storm water collection system		-				-		426,002		443,040		(17,038)
Total	\$	6,254,887	\$	6,436,158	\$	(181,271)	\$	9,019,599	\$	9,491,654	\$	(472,055)

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued).



Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$5,780,000. While all of the City's bonds have revenue streams, they are also backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

City of Dundas' Outstanding Debt

	Go	vernmental Activi	ties	Business-type Activities				
	2021	2020	Increase (Decrease)	2021	2020	Increase (Decrease)		
General Obligation Improvement Bonds	\$ 3,590,000	\$ 3,785,000	\$ (195,000)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
General Obligation Revenue Bonds	-	-	-	2,190,000	2,470,000	(280,000)		
Other long term debt	23,992	47,985	(23,993)	-	-	-		
Bond discounts	(15,984)	(17,369)	1,385	(9,099)	(11,271)	2,172		
Bond premium	73,516	78,895	(5,379)	6,421	10,182	(3,761)		
Total	\$ 3,671,524	\$ 3,894,511	\$ (222,987)	\$ 2,187,322	\$ 2,468,911	\$ (281,589)		

The City's total debt decreased during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 starting on page 48 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City of Dundas has a comprehensive budgeting process which includes review by department heads and the City Council. The City considers factors such as state aid, county aid, and fees when reviewing revenues. Expenses are monitored based on any potential staffing or equipment needs and changes in resources such as fuel. The City Council also strives to increase and diversify the tax base.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Administrator, City of Dundas, 100 Railway Street North, Post Office Box 70, Dundas, Minnesota, 55019.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Dundas Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
Assets	Ф. 1.050.100	Ф. 2.261.701	Ф. 4.210.070	
Cash and investments (including cash equivalents)	\$ 1,958,188	\$ 2,261,791	\$ 4,219,979	
Receivables	26 105	05 747	111 022	
Accounts	26,185	85,747	111,932	
Interest Delignant property toyog	578	-	578 8.042	
Deliquent property taxes	8,042	420	8,042 424	
Delinquent special assessments	21 (00	420		
Deferred special assessments	31,609	26,226	57,835	
Due from other governments	4,134	- 5 (22	4,134	
Prepaid items	21,489	5,622	27,111	
Equity interest in joint venture	292,793	-	292,793	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	550 (71	222 206	792.070	
Capital assets not being depreciated	558,674	223,396	782,070	
Capital assets being depreciated	5,696,213	8,796,203	14,492,416	
Total assets	8,597,909	11,399,405	19,997,314	
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	310,862	61,575	372,437	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 8,908,771	\$ 11,460,980	\$ 20,369,751	
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 35,400	\$ 13,278	\$ 48,678	
Contracts payable	2,281	-	2,281	
Due to other governments	2,827	42,783	45,610	
Salaries and benefits payable	16,172	2,441	18,613	
Deposits payable	40,080	2,111	40,080	
Unearned revenue	40,000	89,939	89,939	
Interest payable	43,034	17,362	60,396	
Current portion of compensated absences	27,919	15,267	43,186	
Noncurrent portion of compensated absences	41,878	22,900	64,778	
Current portion of long-term debt	223,992	285,000	508,992	
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	3,447,532	1,902,322	5,349,854	
Net pension liability	234,499	65,846	300,345	
Total liabilities	4,115,614	2,457,138	6,572,752	
	.,,,,,,,,,		0,072,702	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	426,701	63,082	489,783	
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	2,640,895	6,832,277	9,473,172	
Restricted for debt service	71,165	-	71,165	
Restricted for other purposes	8,401	-	8,401	
Unrestricted	1,645,995	2,108,483	3,754,478	
Total net position	4,366,456	8,940,760	13,307,216	
	_	_	_	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 8,908,771	\$ 11,460,980	\$ 20,369,751	

City of Dundas Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2021

Net (Expense) Revenues Program Revenue and Changes in Net Position Operating Capital Grants Charges for Grants and Governmental Business-Type and Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Totals Governmental activities \$ \$ General government 645,154 15,749 \$ (629,405)(629,405)Public safety 463,334 143,391 60,286 (259,657)(259,657)279,143 Public works 9,397 (269,746)(269,746)Cultural and recreation 100,001 2,065 2,000 (95,936)(95,936)Economic development 9,153 (9,153)(9,153)Interest and fiscal charges 103,794 (103,794)(103,794)170,602 60,286 Total governmental activities 1,600,579 2,000 (1,367,691) (1,367,691) Business-type activities Water 555,501 555,270 (231)(231)Sewer 716,477 544,140 79 (172,258)(172,258)Refuse 94,224 113,879 19,655 19,655 48,970 84,934 35,964 35,964 Storm sewer 79 Total business-type activities 1,415,172 1,298,223 (116,870)(116,870)Total governmental and business-type activities 3,015,751 1,468,825 \$ 60,286 \$ 2,079 (1,367,691)(116,870)(1,484,561)General revenues 924,455 924,455 Property taxes Property taxes levied for debt service 318,345 318,345 12,398 12,398 Franchise taxes 179,017 Intergovernmental revenues not restricted to specific programs 179,017 Interest and investment income 302 5,542 5,844 Miscellaneous 16,388 16,388 Net income from joint ventures 57,363 57,363 Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets 69,723 59,669 (10,054)1,577,991 Total general revenues (4,512)1,573,479 210,300 88,918 Change in net position (121,382)Net position - beginning 4,156,156 9,062,142 13,218,298 Net position - ending 4,366,456 8,940,760 \$ 13,307,216

City of Dundas Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

Accepto	General Fund (101)		Capital Projects Capital Improvements Fund (246,401)		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets Cash and investments	\$	820,046	\$	679,594	\$	458,548	\$	1,958,188
Receivables	Ф	820,040	Ф	079,394	Ф	430,340	Ф	1,930,100
Accounts		260				25,925		26,185
Interest		578		-		23,923		578
Due from other funds		3,639		-		-		3,639
		8,042		-		-		8,042
Delinquent property taxes		6,042 4		-		-		8,042 4
Delinquent special assessments Deferred special assessments				-		-		· ·
		31,609		-		-		31,609
Due from other governments		4,134		-		-		4,134
Prepaid items Total assets	•	21,489	•	(70.504	Φ.	494 472	Φ.	21,489
Total assets	\$	889,801	\$	679,594	\$	484,473	\$	2,053,868
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	33,626	\$	_	\$	1,774	\$	35,400
Contracts payable		2,281		_		-		2,281
Due to other governments		2,827		_		_		2,827
Salaries and benefits payable		16,172		_		_		16,172
Deposits payable		24,000		_		16,080		40,080
Due to other funds				_		3,639		3,639
Total liabilities		78,906		-		21,493		100,399
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		8,042		_		_		8,042
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		31,613		_		_		31,613
Total deferred inflows of resources		39,655		-		-		39,655
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		21,489						21,489
Restricted		21,409		-		122,600		122,600
		-		(70.504				
Assigned		-		679,594		340,558		1,020,152
Unassigned	-	749,751		-		(178)		749,573
Total fund balances		771,240		679,594		462,980		1,913,814
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources, and fund balances	\$	889,801	\$	679,594	\$	484,473	\$	2,053,868

City of Dundas Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 1,913,814
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	
Capital assets	9,457,968
Less accumulated depreciation	(3,203,081)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	
Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:	
Principal payable on bonds and note from direct borrowing	(3,613,992)
Unamortized bond premiums and discounts	(57,532)
Compensated absences payable	(69,797)
Net pension liability	(234,499)
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred Inflows of resources are created as a result of various	
differences related to pensions that are not recognized in the governmental funds.	(426.701)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(426,701)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	310,862
Governmental funds do not report an asset for equity interest in joint ventures.	292,793
Delinquent receivables will be collected in subsequent years, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	
Property taxes	8,042
Special assessments	4
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Deferred special assessments	31,609
Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest until due and payable.	 (43,034)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$ 4,366,456

City of Dundas Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Ger	neral Fund (101)	Capital Projects Capital Improvements Fund (246,401)	Ionmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	879,928	\$ -	\$ 358,345	\$	1,238,273
Licenses and permits		133,590	-	-		133,590
Intergovernmental		237,047	-	-		237,047
Charges for services		47,881	-	-		47,881
Fines and forfeitures		9,206	-	-		9,206
Miscellaneous						
Investment income		(2,073)	1,656	719		302
Other		18,058		11,555		29,613
Total revenues		1,323,637	1,656	370,619		1,695,912
Expenditures Current						
General government		417,499	-	-		417,499
Public safety		484,684	-	-		484,684
Public works		236,970	_	-		236,970
Cultural and recreation		74,487	_	-		74,487
Economic development		6,106	_	3,047		9,153
Debt service		•		ŕ		
Principal		23,993	_	195,000		218,993
Interest		960	594	109,557		111,111
Capital outlay				,		,
General government		5,200	_	775		5,975
Public safety		413	_	42,964		43,377
Parks and recreation		-	_	74,122		74,122
Total expenditures		1,250,312	594	425,465		1,676,371
Excess of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		73,325	1,062	(54,846)		19,541
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Proceeds from sale of capital asset		69,723	-	-		69,723
Transfers in		-	731,908	400,525		1,132,433
Transfers out		(1,132,433)	-	-		(1,132,433)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,062,710)	731,908	400,525		69,723
Net change in fund balances		(989,385)	732,970	345,679		89,264
Fund Balances						
Beginning of year		1,760,625	(53,376)	117,301		1,824,550
End of year	\$	771,240	\$ 679,594	\$ 462,980	\$	1,913,814

City of Dundas

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:					
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:					
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.					
Capital outlay		145,914			
Depreciation expense		(325,352)			
Loss on Disposal		(1,833)			
Compensated absences are recognized as paid in the governmental funds but recognized as the expense is incurred in the Statement of Activities.		(11,523)			
Governmental funds recognize pension contributions as expenditures at the time of payment whereas the Statemen of Activities factors in items related to pensions on a full accrual perspective.					
Pension expense		44,532			
Governmental funds do not report income or loss in a joint venture.		57,363			
Principal payments on long-term debt are recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds but have no impact on net position in the Statement of Activities.		218,993			
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount report in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due and thus requires use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		3,323			
The governmental funds report the effect of bond premiums, discounts, and other similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.					
Amortization of bond premiums and discounts		3,994			
Certain revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.					
Deferred special assessments		(7,347)			
Delinquent receivables will be collected in subsequent years, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are not revenues in the funds. Delinquent property taxes		(7,028)			
		(1)==)			
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	210,300			

City of Dundas Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted		V	
	Amounts Original and		Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under)	
	Final	Actual		
Revenues	1 11141	7 Ictual	Over (Olider)	
Property taxes	\$ 872,261	\$ 879,928	\$ 7,667	
Licenses and permits	78,500	133,590	55,090	
Intergovernmental	201,689	237,047	35,358	
Charges for services	28,700	47,881	19,181	
Fines and forfeitures	25,000	9,206	(15,794)	
Miscellaneous	25,000	>,=00	(10,7,7,1)	
Investment income	15,000	(2,073)	(17,073)	
Other		18,058	18,058	
Total revenues	1,221,150	1,323,637	102,487	
Expenditures				
Current	296 505	417 400	20.004	
General government	386,505	417,499	30,994	
Public safety	505,455	484,684	(20,771)	
Public works	215,070	236,970	21,900	
Cultural and recreation	77,760	74,487	(3,273)	
Economic development	3,055	6,106	3,051	
Debt service				
Principal	23,995	23,993	(2)	
Interest and other charges	960	960	-	
Capital outlay				
General government	3,500	5,200	1,700	
Public safety	4,850	413	(4,437)	
Total expenditures	1,221,150	1,250,312	29,162	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	-	73,325	73,325	
Other financing sources (uses)				
Proceeds from sale of capital asset	-	69,723	69,723	
Transfers out		(1,132,433)	(1,132,433)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,062,710)	(1,062,710)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(989,385)	\$ (989,385)	
E INI				
Fund Balance Beginning of year		1,760,625		
End of year		\$ 771,240		
•				

City of Dundas Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds December 31, 2021

	Water Utility Fund (601)	5		Storm Water Utility Fund (225)	Total Proprietary Funds	
Assets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 944,774	\$ 841,220	\$ 115,070	\$ 360,727	\$ 2,261,791	
Accounts receivable	31,531	40,823	10,809	2,584	85,747	
Special assessment receivable						
Delinquent	150	99	1	170	420	
Deferred	7,947	10,414	4,456	3,409	26,226	
Prepaid items	3,649	1,973	-	-	5,622	
Total current assets	988,051	894,529	130,336	366,890	2,379,806	
Noncurrent assets						
Capital assets						
Land	147,273	76,123	-	-	223,396	
Machinery and equipment	54,353	27,544	-	-	81,897	
Infrastructure	7,542,344	9,542,531	-	670,060	17,754,935	
Total capital assets	7,743,970	9,646,198		670,060	18,060,228	
Less accumulated depreciation	(4,187,842)	(4,608,729)	_	(244,058)	(9,040,629)	
Net capital assets	3,556,128	5,037,469	-	426,002	9,019,599	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows of resources related						
to pension activity	33,377	23,518	_	4,680	61,575	
Total assets and deferred						
outflows of resources	\$ 4,577,556	\$ 5,955,516	\$ 130,336	\$ 797,572	\$ 11,460,980	
Liabilitiess						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 3,899	\$ 1,649	\$ 7,574	\$ 156	\$ 13,278	
Due to other governments	1,027	40,912	844	-	42,783	
Salaries and benefits payable	1,315	930	-	196	2,441	
Interest payable	13,439	3,923	-	-	17,362	
Unearned revenue	-	89,939	-	-	89,939	
Current portion of compensated absences	8,698	5,964	_	605	15,267	
Current portion of long-term debt	145,000	140,000	_	-	285,000	
Total current liabilities	173,378	283,317	8,418	957	466,070	
Noncurrent liabilities						
Noncurrent portion of compensated						
absences	13,047	8,946	_	907	22,900	
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	869,250	1,033,072	_	_	1,902,322	
Net pension liability	35,692	25,149	_	5,005	65,846	
Total noncurrent liabilities	917,989	1,067,167		5,912	1,991,068	
Total liabilities	1,091,367	1,350,484	8,418	6,869	2,457,138	
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred inflows of resources related to						
	24 104	24.002		4,795	62.002	
pension activity	34,194	24,093		4,793	63,082	
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	2,541,878	3,864,397	-	426,002	6,832,277	
Unrestricted	910,117	716,542	121,918	359,906	2,108,483	
Total net position	3,451,995	4,580,939	121,918	785,908	8,940,760	
						
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	A	.	Φ 120.22	o ======	Ф. 11.460.000	
of resources, and net position	\$ 4,577,556	\$ 5,955,516	\$ 130,336	\$ 797,572	\$ 11,460,980	

(THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY)

City of Dundas Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Water Utility Fund (601)		Sewer Utility Fund (602)		,		,		 Storm Water Utility Fund (225)		Total Proprietary Funds	
Operating revenues												
Charges for services	\$	449,375	\$	480,253	\$	113,876	\$ 84,934	\$	1,128,438			
Permits, hookup fees and penalties				3,887		-	-		3,887			
Miscellaneous operating revenues		57,247					 		57,247			
Total operating revenues		506,622		484,140		113,876	 84,934		1,189,572			
Operating expenses												
Administrative		27,654		22,103		-	12,769		62,526			
Maintenance and operations		267,643		412,528		94,224	19,163		793,558			
Depreciation		229,642		251,177			 17,038		497,857			
Total operating expenses		524,939		685,808		94,224	 48,970		1,353,941			
Operating income (loss)		(18,317)		(201,668)		19,652	35,964		(164,369)			
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)												
Investment income		2,184		2,229		269	860		5,542			
Gain (loss) on sale of asset		(3,803)		(6,251)		-	-		(10,054)			
Refunds and reimbursements		648		-		3	-		651			
Connection charges		48,000		60,000		-	_		108,000			
Debt forgiven		-		79		-	_		79			
Interest expense		(30,562)		(30,669)		-	-		(61,231)			
Total nonoperating												
revenues (expenses)		16,467		25,388		272	 860		42,987			
Change in net position		(1,850)		(176,280)		19,924	36,824		(121,382)			
Net position												
Beginning of year		3,453,845		4,757,219		101,994	 749,084		9,062,142			
End of year	\$	3,451,995	\$	4,580,939	\$	121,918	\$ 785,908	\$	8,940,760			

City of Dundas Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Water Utility Fund (601)	Sewer Utility Fund (602)
Cash Flows - Operating Activities Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers	\$ 502,438 (233,238)	\$ 483,221 (350,203)
Payments to employees Net cash flows - operating activities	(75,535) 193,665	(61,027) 71,991
Cash Flows - Noncapital Financing Activities		
Refunds and reimbursements	648	_
Miscellaneous revenue	-	79
Net cash flows - noncapital financing		
activities	648	79_
Cash Flows - Capital and Related		
Financing Activities Principal paid on debt	(140,000)	(140,000)
Interest paid on debt	(35,030)	(140,000) (29,855)
Special assessments	8,562	10,677
Connection charges	48,000	60,000
Intergovernmental revenue	-	89,939
Acquisition of capital assets	(24,825)	(11,031)
Net cash flows - capital and related		
financing activities	(143,293)	(20,270)
Cash Flows - Investing Activities		
Interest and dividends received	2,184	2,229
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	53,204	54,029
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
January 1	891,570	787,191
December 31	\$ 944,774	\$ 841,220
Reconciliation of Operating Gain (Loss) to Net Cash Flows - Operating Activities		
Operating income (loss)	\$ (18,317)	\$ (201,668)
Adjustments to reconcile operating gain	\$ (16,517)	\$ (201,000)
(loss) to net cash flows		
Operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	229,642	251,177
Pension related activity	(3,000)	(2,247)
Accounts receivable	(4,184)	(919)
Prepaid items	(1,295)	(118)
Accounts payable	(11,452)	1,082
Due to other governmental units	681	23,518
Salaries payable	235	171
Compensated absences payable	1,355	995
Total adjustments	211,982	273,659
Net cash flows - operating activities	\$ 193,665	\$ 71,991

	use Utility and (603)		orm Water ility Fund	P	Total roprietary Funds
\$	113,807 (93,452)	\$	84,948 (13,927) (22,147)	\$	1,184,414 (690,820) (158,709)
	20,355		48,874		334,885
	3				651
	-		-		79
	3				730
	-		-		(280,000)
	_		860		(64,025)
	2,465		2,507		24,211
	-		-		108,000 89,939
	-		-		(35,856)
	2,465		3,367		(157,731)
	269				4,682
	23,092		52,241		182,566
	91,978		308,486		2,079,225
\$	115,070	\$	360,727	\$	2,261,791
\$	19,652	\$	35,964	\$	(164,369)
Ψ	15,032	Ψ	33,701	Ψ	(101,307)
	_		17,038		497,857
	-		(346)		(5,593)
	(69)		14		(5,158)
	-		-		(1,413)
	703		(4,820)		(14,487)
	69		-		24,268
	-		54		460
			970		3,320
	703		12,910		499,254
\$	20,355	\$	48,874	\$	334,885

City of Dundas Statement of Fiduciary Net Position December 31, 2021

	Custodial Fund Dundas Baseball Association Activity Fund (801)
Assets Accounts receivable	\$ 8,017
Net Position Restricted net position	\$ 8,017
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended December 31, 2021	
	Dundas Baseball Association Activity Fund (801)
Additions Refunds and reimbursements	Association Activity Fund (801)
	Association Activity Fund (801)
Refunds and reimbursements Deductions	Association Activity Fund (801) \$ 53,968
Refunds and reimbursements Deductions Program expenditures	Association

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Dundas (the "City") is a statutory city governed by an elected mayor and four council members. The accompanying financial statements present the government entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

The financial statements present the City and its component units. The City includes all funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that are not legally separate from such. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the City are financially accountable and are included within the basic financial statements of the City because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

The City is considered financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on the organization by significantly influencing the programs, projects, activities, or level of services performed or provided by the organization, or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on, the City.

As a result of applying the component unit definition criteria above, certain organizations have been defined and are presented in this report as follows:

Joint Ventures and Jointly Governed Organizations – The relationship of the City with the entity is disclosed.

For each of the categories above, the specific entities are identified as follows:

Joint Ventures and Jointly Governed Organizations

The Northfield Area Fire and Rescue Service

The City has a joint powers agreement with the City of Northfield and the Northfield Rural Fire Protection District for fire protection, suppression, prevention, technical rescue and non-transport emergency medical services. The Northfield Area Fire and Rescue Service Joint Powers Board is a legal entity separate from the City. A funding percentage of 5.85% is provided by the City of Dundas for the Northfield Area Fire and Rescue Service for the 2021 year, and an equity interest in the same percentage is reported on the City's financial statements.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. The fiduciary funds are only reported in the statement of fiduciary net position and the statement of changes in fiduciary net position at the fund financial statement level. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Internally dedicated revenues are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Aggregate information for the remaining nonmajor governmental funds is reported in a single column in the fund financial statements.

Custodial Funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Since, by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the City, these Funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

C. Measurement Focus Basis, of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus Basis, of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued) Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlement, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the tax is levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue. On the modified accrual basis, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflow of resources.

Description of Funds:

Major Governmental Funds:

General Fund – This fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Improvements Fund – This fund is a capital project fund type and accounts for capital improvements to the City.

Proprietary Funds:

Water Utility Fund – This fund is used to account for the activities related to the operation of the water distribution system.

Sewer Utility Fund – This fund is used to account for the activities related to the operation of the sanitary sewer collection and treatment system.

Refuse Utility Fund – This fund is used to account for the activities related to the operation of the refuse utility system.

Storm Water Utility Fund – This fund is used to account for the activities related to the operation of the storm water utility system.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Description of Funds: (Continued)

Fiduciary Fund:

Dundas Baseball Association Activity Fund – This fund accounts for the amounts related to this program held by the City in a strictly custodial capacity.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are transactions that would be treated as revenues, expenditures, or expenses if they involved external organizations, such as buying goods and services or payments in lieu of taxes, are similarly treated when they involve other funds of the City as well as charges between the City's utility functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water, Sewer, Refuse and Storm Water Enterprise Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

Cash and investments include balances from all funds that are combined and invested to the extent available in various securities as authorized by state law. Earnings from the pooled investments are allocated to the individual funds based on the average of month-end cash and investment balances.

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Minnesota Statutes authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, shares of investment companies whose only investments are in the aforementioned securities, obligations of the State of Minnesota or its municipalities, bankers' acceptances, future contracts, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, and commercial paper of the highest quality with a maturity of no longer than 270 days and in the Minnesota Municipal Investment Pool.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Certain investments for the City are reported at fair value as disclosed in Note 3. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

2. Property Taxes

The City Council annually adopts a tax levy and certifies it to Rice County (the "County") in December (levy/assessment date) of each year for collection in the following year. The County is responsible for billing and collecting all property taxes for itself, the City, the local school district, and other taxing authorities. Such taxes become a lien on January 1 and are recorded as receivables by the City at that date. Such taxes become a lien on January 1 and are recorded as receivables by the City at that date. The property tax is recorded as revenue when it becomes measurable and available. Rice County is the collecting agency for the levy and remits the collections to the City three times a year. The tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half of the payment due on May 15 and the second half due on October 15. Taxes not collected as of December 31 each year are shown as delinquent taxes receivable. The City has no ability to enforce payment of property taxes by property owners. The County possesses this authority.

The City recognizes property tax revenue in the period for which the taxes were levied. The City recognizes property tax revenue when it becomes both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. In practice, current and delinquent taxes and state credits received by the City in July, December, and January are recognized as revenue for the current year. Taxes collected by the County by December 31 (remitted to the City the following January) and taxes and credits not received at year end are classified as delinquent and due from County taxes receivable. The portion of delinquent taxes not collected by the City in January is fully offset by deferred inflows of resources because they are not available to finance current expenditures.

3. Special Assessments

Special assessments are levied against benefited properties for the cost or a portion of the cost of special assessment improvement projects in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*. These assessments are collectible by the City over a term usually consistent with the terms of the related bond issue. Collection of annual installments (including interest) is handled by the County Auditor in the same manner as property taxes. Property owners are allowed to (and often do) prepay future installments without interest or prepayment penalties.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

3. Special Assessments (Continued)

Special assessments are levied against benefited properties for the cost or a portion of the cost of special assessment improvement projects in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*. These assessments are collectible by the City over a term usually consistent with the terms of the related bond issue. Collection of annual installments (including interest) is handled by the County Auditor in the same manner as property taxes. Property owners are allowed to (and often do) prepay future installments without interest or prepayment penalties.

Once a special assessment roll is adopted, the amount attributed to each parcel is a lien upon that property until full payment is made or the amount is determined to be excessive by the City.

If special assessments are allowed to go delinquent, the property is subject to tax forfeit sale. Proceeds of sales from tax forfeit properties are remitted to the City in payment of delinquent special assessments. Pursuant to *Minnesota Statutes*, a property shall be subject to a tax forfeit sale after three years unless it is homesteaded, agricultural, or seasonal recreational land in which event the property is subject to such sale after five years.

The City recognizes special assessment revenue in the period that the assessment roll was adopted by the City Council.

Revenue from special assessments is recognized by the City when it becomes measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. In practice, current and delinquent special assessments received by the City are recognized as revenue for the current year. All remaining delinquent and deferred assessments receivable in governmental funds are offset by deferred inflows of resources. In the proprietary funds all special assessment receivables are shown as revenue in the year they are recorded.

4. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are reported using the consumption method and recorded as an expense or expenditure at the time of consumption.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, building improvements, construction in progress, machinery and equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, easements, works of art and historical treasures acquired by the City for use in providing services to its citizens, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost as noted on the table below and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

5. Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Assets	Threshold
Land and land improvements	\$1 - 25,000
Buildings and improvements	25,000
Other improvements	25,000
Machinery and equipment	5,000
Vehicles	5,000
Infrastructure	50,000

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Building and improvements	10-40
Other improvements	10-40
Machinery and equipment	5-15
Vehicles	10-15
Infrastructure	20-50

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The City presents deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position for deferred outflows of resources related to pensions for various estimate differences that will be amortized and recognized over future years.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and fund financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The City presents deferred inflows of resources on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet as unavailable revenue. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City presents deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position for deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for various estimate differences that will be amortized and recognized over future years.

7. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and the relief association and additions to/deductions from PERA's and the relief association's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA and the relief association except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

8. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Vacation pay accumulates and vests and sick pay accumulates and vests with certain limitations. Upon retirement or death, one-half of an employee's sick leave, up to a maximum of 120 days, is paid to the retiree or the employee's spouse or estate, and one-half is used to pay for health and dental insurance.

Accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave for employees is recorded as an expense and liability in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bond issuance costs are reported as an expense in the year the bond is issued. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

9. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Fund Balance

a. Classification

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

- Nonspendable Fund Balances These are amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund Balances These are amounts that are restricted to specific purposes either by a) constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through enabling legislation.
- Committed Fund Balances These are amounts comprised of unrestricted funds used for a specific purpose pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council and that remain binding unless removed by the City Council by subsequent formal action.
- Assigned Fund Balances These are amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed and include all remaining amounts (except for negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed. The City Council has delegated authority to assign and remove fund balance assignments to the Finance Director.
- Unassigned Fund Balance These are residual amounts in the General Fund not reported in any other classification. The General Fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other funds would report a negative unassigned fund balance should the total of nonspendable, restricted, and committed fund balances exceed the total net resources of that fund.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

10. Fund Balance (Continued)

b. Minimum Fund Balance

The City's target General Fund balance is to maintain an unassigned fund balance of an amount not less than 55% of the next year's budgeted expenditures of the General Fund.

11. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources; and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to build or acquire the capital assets. Net position is reported as restricted in the government-wide financial statement when there are limitations on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

12. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expense during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

13. Budgetary Information

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end. Financial controls for debt service funds are achieved through bond indenture provisions.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The City's Administrator submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget, which includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The preliminary property tax levy is legally enacted through passage of a resolution and certified to the County by September 15 of each year.
- 4. The final budget is legally adopted through the passage of a resolution by December 20 of each year.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
- 6. The City Council may authorize the transfer of budgeted amounts between funds.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

13. Budgetary Information (Continued)

7. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) is the fund level. For management purposes, budgetary control is maintained within the department level. Also, inherent in this controlling function is the management philosophy that the existence of a particular item or appropriation in the approved budget does not automatically mean it will be spent. The budget process is flexible in that, where the need has been properly demonstrated, the City Administrator can make an adjustment within the department budget. Therefore, there is a constant review process, and expenditures are not approved until it has been determined that 1) adequate funds were appropriated, 2) the expenditure is still necessary, and 3) funds are available.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Deficit Fund Balance

The Economic Development nonmajor fund had a deficit fund balance of \$178 at December 31, 2021.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash balances of the City's funds are combined (pooled) and invested to the extent available in various investments authorized by *Minnesota Statutes*. Each fund's portion of this pool (or pools) is displayed in the financial statements as "cash and cash equivalents" or "investments". For purposes of identifying risk of investing public funds, the balances and related restrictions are summarized on the following page.

A. Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City has a policy that requires the District's deposits be collateralized as required by *Minnesota Statutes* for an amount exceeding FDIC, SAIF, BIF, or FCUA coverage. As of December 31, 2021, the City's bank balances of \$1,549,507 was not exposed to custodial credit risk because it was insured and fully collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent and in the City's name. The book balance as of December 31, 2021, was as follows:

Checking accounts \$ 1,540,286

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments

	Investment M				ies	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1 Year	1-5 Years		6-10 Years	
Money market mutual funds Brokered certificates of deposit	\$ 2,179,219 300,174	\$ 2,179,219 300,174	\$	-	\$	-
Municipal securities Total	\$ 2,679,593	\$ 2,679,593	\$		\$	

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City's investment policy states the City will diversify its investment to avoid incurring unreasonable risks inherent in over investing in specific maturities, issuers, institutions, or class of securities. The City was exposed to this risk as the following brokered certificate of deposit and brokered security exceeded 5% of total investments; 4M-Western Alliance Bank CD and 4M- Richmond Dev. security.

Interest Rate Risk: This is the risk that market values of securities in a portfolio would decrease due to changes in market value interest rates. The City's objective relating to interest rate risk is to mitigate declines in market value of investments due to changes in interest rates. The policy states that the City will provide for liquidity by reviewing cash flow requirements and make investments to meet the shorter cash flow needs, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market prior to maturity. The City will also manage the average maturity of the overall portfolio to be consistent with the risk profile of the City not to exceed five years.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: For an investment, this is the risk in the event of the failure of the counterparty the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's policy states the City will limit investments to investment types allowed by statutes and policy and only use per-qualifying financial institutions, brokers/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors. The City will also diversify the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or from any one individual issuer will be minimized. Insurance or collateral may be required to ensure return of principal.

Credit Risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fully fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating service. The City's investment policy limits investments to those with a credit rating allowed by state statutes.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2021:

• \$200,200 of \$2,679,593 are valued using various market and industry inputs (Level 2 inputs)

Remaining investments are presented at Net Asset Value.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

C. Deposits and Investments

Summary of cash deposits and investments as of December 31, 2021, were as follows:

Deposits (Note 3.A.) Investments (Note 3.B.) Petty Cash	\$ 1,540,286 2,679,593 100
Total	\$ 4,219,979
Deposits and investments are presented in the December 31, 2021 basic financial statements as follows:	
Statement of Net Position Cash and investments	\$ 4,219,979

NOTE 4 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY

A. Interfund Receivables and Payables

At December 31, 2021, the composition of interfund balances was as follows:

Fund Type and Fund	Dı Oth	Due to Other Funds		
General Fund Other nonmajor governmental funds	\$	3,639	\$	3,639
Total	\$	3,639	\$	3,639

The due to/due from balances payable are short-term borrowings to cover negative cash balances at the end of the year.

NOTE 4 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY

B. Interfund Transfers

Transfers during the year ended December 31, 2021, were as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer In Transfer Out	
Capital Improvements Fund Other nonmajor governmental fund	General Fund General Fund	\$ 731,908 400,525
Total transfers		\$ 1,132,433

The transfers out made from the General Fund were made to move excess cash reserves to capital outlay funds and cover cash deficits.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning	Beginning		Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 559,674	\$ -	\$ (1,000)	\$ 558,674
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	3,295,749	44,950	(36,000)	3,304,699
Equipment	320,485	58,000	(45,899)	332,586
Vehicles	147,924	42,964	-	190,888
Land improvements	839,118	-	-	839,118
Infrastructure	4,232,003			4,232,003
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	8,835,279	145,914	(81,899)	8,899,294
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	631,144	89,699	(36,000)	684,843
Equipment	211,098	25,107	(45,066)	191,139
Vehicles	131,391	13,860	-	145,251
Land improvements	207,126	43,500	-	250,626
Infrastructure	1,778,036	153,186	-	1,931,222
Total accumulated				
depreciation	2,958,795	325,352	(81,066)	3,203,081
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	5,876,484	(179,438)	(833)	5,696,213
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 6,436,158	\$ (179,438)	\$ (1,833)	\$ 6,254,887

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 223,396	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 223,396
Capital assets being depreciated				
Sewer collection system	9,542,531	_	_	9,542,531
Water distribution system	7,544,461	13,793	(15,910)	7,542,344
Storm water collection system	670,060	-	-	670,060
Equipment	61,981	22,063	(22,607)	61,437
Software	20,460			20,460
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	17,839,493	35,856	(38,517)	17,836,832
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Sewer collection system	4,344,589	246,180	_	4,590,769
Water distribution system	3,937,619	222,459	(15,910)	4,144,168
Storm water collection system	227,020	17,038	-	244,058
Equipment	41,547	12,180	(12,553)	41,174
Software	20,460	-	-	20,460
Total accumulated				
depreciation	8,571,235	497,857	(28,463)	9,040,629
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	9,268,258	(462,001)	(10,054)	8,796,203
depreciated, net	9,208,238	(402,001)	(10,034)	8,790,203
Business-type activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 9,491,654	\$ (462,001)	\$ (10,054)	\$ 9,019,599
Depreciation expense was charged to fu	ınctions/progran	ns of the City as	follows:	
Governmental activities				
General government				\$ 225,229
Public safety				14,735
Public works				38,772
Cultural and recreation				46,616
Total depreciation expense - gove	rnmental activities	S		\$ 325,352
Business-type activities				
Water				\$ 229,642
Sewer				251,177
Storm water				17,038
Total depreciation expense - gove	rnmental activities	5		\$ 497,857

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A. General Obligation Bonds

The City issues General Obligation (G.O.) bonds to provide for financing tax increment projects and street improvements. Debt service is covered respectively by tax increments and special assessments against benefited properties with any shortfalls being paid from general taxes.

G.O. bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

B. Components of Long-Term Liabilities

	Issue Date	Interest Rates	Original Issue	Final Maturity	12/31/21 Balance	Due With	
Governmental activities	,			-			
General obligation improvement bonds							
2013A CIP Bonds	9/4/2013	2.00-3.70%	\$ 750,000	2/1/2029	\$ 440,000	\$ 50,0	000
2013A Street Reconstruction Bonds	9/4/2013	2.00-3.00%	545,000	2/1/2029	325,000	35,0	000
2018A Bonds	8/9/2018	3.00-4.00%	810,000	2/1/2039	760,000	30,0	000
2020A CIP Bonds	1/16/2020	2.00-3.00%	2,145,000	2/1/2040	2,065,000	85,0	000
Note from Direct borrowing							
East Cannon River Trail Note	4/5/2016	2.00%	119,964	12/1/2022	23,992	23,9	192
Bond discounts					(15,984)		-
Bond premium					73,516		-
Compensated absences					69,797	27,9	119
Total governmental activities					\$3,741,321	\$ 251,9	11
Business-Type Activities							
General obligation revenue bonds							
2013A Refunding Bonds	9/1/2013	2.00-3.25%	\$2,355,000	2/1/2026	\$ 700,000	\$ 130,0	000
2014A Refunding Bonds	12/11/2014	0.40-3.25%	845,000	12/1/2024	270,000	90,0	000
2016A Sewer Revenue Bonds	9/4/2013	0.90-2.85%	1,100,000	11/1/2037	910,000	50,0	000
2018A Bonds	8/9/2018	3.00-4.00%	810,000	2/1/2039	310,000	15,0	000
Bond discounts					(9,099)		-
Bond premium					6,421		-
Compensated absences					38,167	15,2	:67
Total business-type activities					\$2,225,489	\$ 300,2	67
Total long-term liabilities					\$5,966,810	\$ 552,1	.78

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

C. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	
Governmental activities					
General obligation improvement bonds					
2013A CIP Bonds	\$ 490,000	\$ -	\$ (50,000)	\$ 440,000	
2013A Street Reconstruction Bonds	360,000	-	(35,000)	325,000	
2018A Bonds	790,000	-	(30,000)	760,000	
2020A CIP Bonds	2,145,000	-	(80,000)	2,065,000	
Note from direct borrowing					
East Cannon River Trail Note	47,985	-	(23,993)	23,992	
Bond discounts	(17,369)	-	1,385	(15,984)	
Bond premium	78,895	-	(5,379)	73,516	
Compensated absences	58,274	36,636	(25,113)	69,797	
Total governmental activities	3,952,785	36,636	(248,100)	3,741,321	
General obligation revenue bonds					
2013A Refunding Bonds	830,000	-	(130,000)	700,000	
2014A Refunding Bonds	360,000	-	(90,000)	270,000	
2016A Sewer Revenue Bonds	960,000	-	(50,000)	910,000	
2018A Bonds	320,000	-	(10,000)	310,000	
Bond discounts	(11,271)	-	2,172	(9,099)	
Bond premium	10,182	-	(3,761)	6,421	
Compensated absences	34,847	11,794	(8,474)	38,167	
Total business-type activities	2,503,758	11,794	(290,063)	2,225,489	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 6,456,543	\$ 48,430	\$ (538,163)	\$ 5,966,810	

The General Fund and Proprietary Funds typically liquidate the liability related to compensated absences.

D. Minimum Debt Payments

Minimum annual principal and interest payments required to retire long-term liabilities:

		Governmental Activities						Business-Type Activities			
V E I		G.O. 1			,	C O P	D	1			
Year Ending		Note from dir				G.O. Reve					
December 31,	<u>F</u>	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest			
2022	\$	223,992	\$	100,516	\$	285,000	\$	56,780			
2023		205,000		93,661		290,000		49,575			
2024		215,000		87,036		295,000		41,800			
2025		225,000		80,086		210,000		33,875			
2026		230,000		72,768		215,000		27,863			
2027-2031		1,030,000		250,669		355,000		103,008			
2032-2036		820,000		137,975		410,000		54,417			
2036-2040		665,000		32,450		130,000		5,055			
Total	\$	3,613,992	\$	855,161	\$	2,190,000	\$	372,373			

NOTE 7 – FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION

A. Fund Balances

Fund balances are classified as listed below to reflect the limitations and restrictions of the respective funds.

				Capital		Nonmajor		
	(General	Imp	provements	Go	vernmental		
		Fund		Fund		Funds		Total
Nonspendable								
Prepaid items	\$	21,489	\$	-	\$	-	\$	21,489
Restricted								
Debt service		-		-		114,199		114,199
Capital asset purchases		-		-		8,401		8,401
Assigned								
Capital improvements		-		724,498		31,060		755,558
Developer escrow		-		-		4,029		4,029
Public safety capital								
asset acquisition		-		-		40,892		40,892
Public works capital								
asset acquisition		_		-		74,024		74,024
Parks and recreation								
capital asset acquisition		-		-		221,613		221,613
Unassigned		673,787		-		(178)		673,609
							•	
Total fund balance	\$	695,276	\$	724,498	\$	494,040	\$	1,913,814

B. Net Position

Restricted net position is comprised of the total restricted fund balances in the governmental funds plus the effect of the conversion to the government-wide net position.

NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The City purchases commercial insurance coverage through the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT) with other cities in the state which is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to the LMCIT for its insurance coverage. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through commercial companies for excess claims. The City is covered through the pool for any claims incurred but unreported, however, retains risk for the deductible portion of its insurance policies. The amount of these deductibles is considered immaterial to the financial statements. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the previous year or settlements in excess of insurance coverage for any of the past three years.

NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The City's workers' compensation insurance policy is retrospectively rated. With this type of policy, final premiums are determined after loss experience is known. The amount of premium adjustment, if any, is considered immaterial and not recorded until received or paid.

At December 31, 2021, there were no other claims liabilities reported in the fund based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates it is probable a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS

The City participates in various pension plans, total pension expense for the year ended December 31, 2021 was \$2,927. The components of pension expense are noted in the following plan summaries.

The General Fund and Proprietary Funds typically liquidates the liability related to the pensions.

Public Employees' Retirement Association

A. Plan Description

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by PERA. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Plan

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by the General Employees Plan. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

The Police and Fire Plan, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the Police and Fire Plan also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to local relief associations that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

B. Benefits Provided (Continued)

General Employees Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for a Coordinated members is 1.2% for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7% for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7% for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50% of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1% and a maximum of 1.5%. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

Police and Fire Plan Benefits

Benefits for the Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50% after five years up to 100% after 10 years of credited service. Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50% after 10 years up to 100% after 20 years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3% of average salary for each year of service. For Police and Fire Plan members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is fixed at 1%. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state Legislature.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

C. Contributions (Continued)

General Employees Fund Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.5% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2021 and the City was required to contribute 7.5% for Coordinated Plan members. The City's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2021, were \$26,539. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

Police and Fire Fund Contributions

Police and Fire Plan members were required to contribute 11.8% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2021 and the City was required to contribute 17.7% for Police and Fire Plan members. The City's contributions to the Police and Fire Fund for the year ended December 31, 2021, were \$24,094. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

D. Pension Costs

General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$204,982 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the State's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$6,201. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2020, through June 30, 2021, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.0048% at the end of the measurement period and 0.0037% for the beginning of the period.

\$ 204,982
6,201
\$ 211,183
\$

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

General Employees Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$19,461 for its proportionate share of General Employees Plan's pension expense. Included in the amount, the City recognized \$500 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2021, the City reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, related to pensions from the following sources:

	D Ou <u>Re</u>	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	1,023	\$	6,107
Net collective difference between projected				
and actual investment earnings		-		181,190
Changes in proportion		52,238		5,528
Changes in actuarial assumptions		125,157		3,556
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent				
to the measurement date		13,270		
Total	\$	191,688	\$	196,381

The \$13,270 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Pension Expense Amount
2022	\$ 7,750
2023	9,409
2024	13,298
2025	(48,420)
Total	\$ (17,963)

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$95,362 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Fund's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2020, through June 30, 2021, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.0125% at the end of the measurement period and 0.0143% for the beginning of the period.

The State of Minnesota contributed \$18 million to the Police and Fire Fund in the plan fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The contribution consisted of \$9 million in direct state aid that does meet the definition of a special funding situation and \$9 million in supplemental state aid that does not meet the definition of a special funding situation. The \$9 million direct state aid was paid on October 1, 2020. Thereafter, by October 1 of each year, the State will pay \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund until full funding is reached or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier. The \$9 million in supplemental state aid will continue until the fund is 90% funded, or until the State Patrol Plan (administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System) is 90% funded, whichever occurs later. Strong asset returns for the fiscal year ended 2021 will accelerate the phasing out of these state contributions, although it is not anticipated that they will be phased out during the fiscal year ended 2022.

The State of Minnesota is included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Retirement Plan Schedule of Employer Allocations and Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer pension allocation schedules) for the \$9 million in direct state aid. Police and Fire Plan employers need to recognize their proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense (and grant revenue) under GASB 68 special funding situation accounting and financial reporting requirements. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$(16,534) for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense. Included in this amount, the City recognized \$792 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund.

The State of Minnesota is not included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Pension Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$9 million in supplemental state aid. The City also recognized \$1,125 for the year ended December 31, 2021, as revenue and an offsetting reduction of the net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the Police and Fire Fund.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

At December 31, 2021, the City reported its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources.

	Du Ou Re	Inf	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	19,809	\$	_
Net collective difference between projected				
and actual investment earnings		-		183,038
Changes in proportion		7,083		42,482
Changes in actuarial assumptions		141,810		67,883
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent				
to the measurement date		12,047		
Total	\$	180,749	\$	293,403

The \$12,047 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Pension Expense
December 31,	Amount
2022	\$ (85,663)
2023	(17,479)
2024	(19,968)
2025	(28,682)
2026	27,091
Total	\$ (124,701)

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

E. Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term		
	22.5.0/	5.10.0/		
Domestic equity	33.5 %	5.10 %		
International equity	16.5	5.30		
Fixed income	25.0	0.75		
Private markets	25.0	5.90		
Total	100.0 %			

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 6%. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 6.5% was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25% for the General Employees Plan and 2.25% for the Police and Fire Plan. Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25% for the General Employees. The Police and Fire Plan benefit increase is fixed at 1% per year and that increase was used in the valuation. Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25% after one year of service to 3.0% after 29 years of service and 6.0% per year thereafter. In the Police and Fire Plan, salary growth assumptions range from 11.75% after one year of service to 3.0% after 24 years of service.

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. Mortality rates for the Police and Fire Plan are based on the Pub-2010 Public Safety Employee Mortality tables. The tables are adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions for the General Employees Plan are reviewed every four years. The most recent four-year experience study for the General Employees Plan was completed in 2019. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation. The most recent four-year experience study for the Police and Fire Plan was completed in 2020 and was adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2021:

General Employees Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.5% to 6.5% for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from scale MP-2019 to scale MP-2020.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the previous valuation.

Police and Fire Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.5% to 6.5% for financial reporting purposes.
- The inflation assumption was changed from 2.5% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.25% to 3.0%.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 Public Safety mortality table. The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2019 to MP-2020.
- The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 healthy annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to scale MP-2019) to the Pub-2010 Public Safety disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to scale MP-2020).
- Assumed rates of salary increase were modified as recommended in the July 14, 2020, experience study. The overall impact is a decrease in gross salary increase rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the July 14, 2020, experience study. The changes resulted in slightly more unreduced retirements and fewer assumed early retirements.
- Assumed rates of withdrawal were changed from select and ultimate rates to service-based rates. The changes resulted in more assumed terminations.
- Assumed rates of disability were increased for ages 25-44 and decreased for ages over 49. Overall, proposed rates resulted in more projected disabilities.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Police and Fire Fund (Continued)

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

• Assumed percent married for active female members was changed from 60% to 70%. Minor changes to form of payment assumptions were applied.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the previous valuation.

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2021 was 6.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from Plan members and employers will be made at rates set in *Minnesota Statutes*. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net positions of the General Employees Fund and the Police and Fire Fund were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

H. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

1% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.5%)			count Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate (7.5%)	
			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		
\$	418,058	\$	204,982	\$	30,140
1% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.5%)		Current Discount Rate (6.5%)		1% Increase in Discount Rate (7.5%)	
\$	305,204	\$	95,362	\$	(76,657)
	Disc (\$ 1% D Disc	Discount Rate (5.5%) \$ 418,058 1% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.5%)	Discount Rate (5.5%) \$ 418,058 \$ 1% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.5%) Discount Rate (5.5%)	Discount Rate (5.5%) Discount Rate (6.5%) \$ 418,058 \$ 204,982 1% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.5%) Current Discount Rate (6.5%)	Discount Rate (5.5%) Discount Rate (6.5%) Discount Rate (6.5%) \$ 418,058 \$ 204,982 \$ 1% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.5%) Current Discount Rate (6.5%) Discount Rate (6.5%)

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org

NOTE 11 - NEW STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET IMPLEMENTED

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This statement will be effective for the year ending December 31, 2022.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Dundas Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - General Employees Retirement Fund Last Ten Years*

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	City's Proportionate Share (Percentage) of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	City's Proportionate Share (Amount) of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	State's Proportionate Share (Amount) of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the City	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liablility and the State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liablility Associated with the City	City's Covered Payroll	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021	0.0040% 0.0038% 0.0380% 0.0037% 0.0039% 0.0037% 0.0048%	\$ 307,301 308,541 242,589 205,261 215,622 221,832 204,982	\$ 4,082 3,052 6,695 6,666 6,815 6,201	\$ 307,301 312,623 245,641 211,956 222,288 228,647 211,183	\$ 235,811 242,335 244,996 250,027 273,080 264,760 343,147	130.32% 127.32% 99.02% 82.10% 78.96% 83.79% 59.74%	78.19% 68.91% 75.90% 79.53% 80.23% 79.06% 87.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show ten year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Public Employees Police and Fire Retirement Fund Last Ten Years*

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Sh Ne L	City's portionate are of the t Pension .iability (Asset)	Propo S (Am th Pe Lia Ass	tate's ortionate thare ount) of e Net ension ability ociated the City	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liablility and the State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liablility Associated		,	r's Covered Payroll	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2015	0.0150%	\$	170,435	\$	-	\$	170,435	\$	137,542	123.91%	86.61%
2016	0.0160%		642,108		-		642,108		162,187	395.91%	63.88%
2017	0.0160%		216,019		-		216,019		164,639	131.21%	85.43%
2018	0.0171%		182,268		-		182,268		180,506	100.98%	88.84%
2019	0.0175%		183,943		-		183,943		184,505	99.70%	89.26%
2020	0.0143%		188,489		4,429		192,918		160,814	117.21%	87.19%
2021	0.0125%		95,362		4,350		99,712		151,396	62.99%	93.66%

Note: Schedule is intended to show ten year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

City of Dundas Schedule of City Contributions -General Employees Retirement Fund Last Ten Years*

Fiscal Year Ending December 31,	nding Require		Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contributions		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		City's Covered Payroll		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015	\$	17,689	\$	17,689	\$	_	\$	235,853	7.50%
2016		18,175		18,175		-		242,333	7.50%
2017		18,372		18,372		-		244,960	7.50%
2018		18,752		18,752		-		250,027	7.50%
2019		20,083		20,083		-		267,773	7.50%
2020		24,723		24,723		-		329,640	7.50%
2021		26,539		26,539		-		353,853	7.50%

Note: Schedule is intended to show ten year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of City Contributions -Public Employees Police and Fire Retirement Fund Last Ten Years*

Fiscal Year Ending December 31,	Ending Required		in Relation to the Statutorily Required		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		City's Covered Payroll		as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015	\$	22,282	\$	22,282	\$	_	\$	137,543	16.20%
2016		26,365		26,365		-		162,747	16.20%
2017		26,723		26,723		-		164,957	16.20%
2018		29,242		29,242		-		180,506	16.20%
2019		31,725		31,725		-		187,168	16.95%
2020		25,983		25,983		-		146,797	17.70%
2021		24,094		24,094		-		136,124	17.70%

Note: Schedule is intended to show ten year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

City of Dundas Notes to Required Supplementary Information

General Employees Fund

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.5% to 6.5% for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from scale MP-2019 to scale MP-2020.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.5% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.0%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changes as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the Pub-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint and Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retires electing the 100% Joint and Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023, and 0.0% thereafter. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

City of Dundas Notes to Required Supplementary Information

General Employees Fund (Continued)

2019 Changes (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions

• The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The State's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.25% per year.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00% to 3.00%, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00%, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00% per year with a provision to increase to 2.50% upon attainment of 90.00% funding ratio to 50.00% of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00% and not more than 1.50%, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The CSA loads were changed from 0.8% for active members and 60% for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0% for active member liability, 15% for vested deferred member liability and 3% for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year for all years to 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.5% per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter.
- The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The State's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

General Employees Fund (Continued)

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2035 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.0% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, the inflation was decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2015 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2030 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.0% per year through 2035 and 2.5% per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised; the State's contribution of \$6.0 million, which meets the special funding situation definition, was due September 2015.

Police and Fire Fund

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.5% to 6.5% for financial reporting purposes.
- The inflation assumption was changed from 2.5% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.25% to 3.0%.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 Public Safety mortality table. The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2019 to MP-2020.
- The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 healthy annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to scale MP-2019) to the Pub-2010 Public Safety disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to scale MP-2020).
- Assumed rates of salary increase were modified as recommended in the July 14, 2020, experience study. The overall impact is a decrease in gross salary increase rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the July 14, 2020, experience study. The changes resulted in slightly more unreduced retirements and fewer assumed early retirements.
- Assumed rates of withdrawal were changed from select and ultimate rates to service-based rates. The changes resulted in more assumed terminations.
- Assumed rates of disability were increased for ages 25-44 and decreased for ages over 49. Overall, proposed rates resulted in more projected disabilities.
- Assumed percent married for active female members was changed from 60% to 70%. Minor changes to form of payment assumptions were applied.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.

Police and Fire Fund (Continued)

2018 Changes (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions

- Postretirement benefit increases were changed to 1.00% for all years, with no trigger.
- An end date of July 1, 2048, was added to the existing \$9.0 million state contribution.
- New annual state aid will equal \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter until the plan reaches 100% funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier.
- Member contributions were changed from 10.80% to 11.30% of pay, effective January 1, 2019, and 11.80% of pay, effective January 1, 2020.
- Employer contributions were changed from 16.20% to 16.95% of pay, effective January 1, 2019, and 17.70% of pay, effective January 1, 2020.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00% to 3.00%, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00%, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016, experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34% lower than the previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The CSA load was 30% for vested and non-vested deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33% for vested members and 2% for non-vested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees.
- Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3% for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65% to 60%.
- Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing Joint and Survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1% for all years to 1% per year through 2064 and 2.5% thereafter.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.6% per annum to 7.5% per annum.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

Police and Fire Fund (Continued)

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2037 and 2.5% thereafter to 1.0% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%. The single discount rate changed from 7.9% to 5.6%.
- The single discount rate changed from 7.90% to 5.60%.
- The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2015 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2030 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.0% per year through 2037 and 2.5% per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• The post-retirement benefit increase to be paid after attainment of the 90% funding threshold was changed, from inflation up to 2.5%, to a fixed rate of 2.5%.

(THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Dundas Combining Balance Sheet -Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

	Special Revenue						Debt Service	
		oling Fund (201)	Deve	onomic lopment 235)		ıl Special nue Funds	Bor	GO provement ads 2013A and (300)
Assets	•							400056
Cash and investments	\$	6,669	\$	-	\$	6,669	\$	103,956
Accounts receivable		1,732				1,732		
Total assets	\$	8,401	\$		\$	8,401	\$	103,956
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	178	\$	178	\$	320
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds						_		
Total liabilities				178		178		320
Fund Balances								
Restricted		8,401		-		8,401		103,636
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		(178)		(178)		-
Total fund balances		8,401		(178)		8,223		103,636
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	8,401	\$	-	\$	8,401	\$	103,956

		Deb	t Service				Capi	tal Projects		
Impr Bond	GO rovement ds 2018A (304)	Bone	GO rovement ds 2020A (305)	otal Debt vice Funds	Cap	lic Safety ital Outlay nd (425)	Cap	lic Works ital Outlay nd (410)	-	Hall t (408)
\$	1,535	\$	9,668	\$ 115,159	\$	40,892	\$	74,024	\$	- -
\$	1,535	\$	9,668	\$ 115,159	\$	40,892	\$	74,024	\$	_
\$	320	\$	320	\$ 960 -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	320		320	 960						<u>-</u>
	1,215		9,348	114,199		- 40,892		- 74,024		-
	1,215		9,348	114,199		40,892		74,024		<u>-</u>
\$	1,535	\$	9,668	\$ 115,159	\$	40,892	\$	74,024	\$	_

(THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY)

City of Dundas Combining Balance Sheet -Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

		Capital Projects					
	Recre	earks and eation Capital y Fund (426)	Escro	ow Deposits (430)		tal Capital ject Funds	l Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	221,804	\$	-	\$	336,720	\$ 458,548
Accounts receivable				24,193		24,193	 25,925
Total assets	\$	221,804	\$	24,193	\$	360,913	\$ 484,473
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	191	\$	445	\$	636	\$ 1,774
Deposits payable		-		16,080		16,080	16,080
Due to other funds		_		3,639		3,639	 3,639
Total liabilities		191		20,164		20,355	21,493
Fund Balances							
Restricted		_		_		_	122,600
Assigned		221,613		4,029		340,558	340,558
Unassigned		-		-		-	(178)
Total fund balances		221,613		4,029		340,558	462,980
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	221,804	\$	24,193	\$	360,913	\$ 484,473

City of Dundas Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Special Revenue						Debt Service	
		oling Fund (201)	Develo	nomic opment 35)		al Special	Bon	GO rovement ds 2013A nd (300)
Revenues	•		Φ.		Φ		Φ.	115.055
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	115,875
Miscellaneous Investment income		166				166		40
Other		11,555		-		11,555		40
Total revenues		11,721		<u>-</u>		11,721		115,915
Total revenues		11,/21				11,/21		113,913
Expenditures								
Current				2.047		2.047		
Economic development Debt service		-		3,047		3,047		-
								05.000
Principal		-		-		-		85,000
Interest and other charges Capital outlay		-		-		-		27,648
*								
General government Public safety		-		-		-		-
Parks and recreation		58,000		-		58,000		-
Total expenditures		58,000		3,047		61,047		112,648
Total expeliatures		30,000		3,017		01,017		112,010
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(46,279)		(3,047)		(49,326)		3,267
, , ,		(, ,		())		(, ,		,
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		-		2,869		2,869		-
Net change in fund balances		(46,279)		(178)		(46,457)		3,267
Fund Balances								
Beginning of year		54,680		_		54,680		100,369
						- /)
End of year	\$	8,401	\$	(178)	\$	8,223	\$	103,636

		De	bt Service					Capita	al Proj	ects		
Bon	GO rovement ds 2018A (304)		GO provement nds 2020A (305)	otal Debt vice Funds	Cap	olic Safety ital Outlay and (425)	Capi	lic Works tal Outlay nd (410)		City Hall oject (408)	Ro Cap	arks and ecreation ital Outlay and (426)
\$	59,440	\$	143,030	\$ 318,345	\$	-	\$	40,000	\$	-	\$	-
	-		2	42		215		87		-		209
	59,440		143,032	318,387		215		40,087		<u>-</u>		209
	-		-	\$ -		-		-				-
	30,000 28,225		80,000 53,684	195,000 109,557		-		-				-
	-		-	-		- 42,964		-		775 -		-
	58,225		133,684	 304,557		42,964		<u>-</u>		775		16,122 16,122
	1,215		9,348	13,830		(42,749)		40,087		(775)		(15,913)
				 				3,626		152,475		237,526
	1,215		9,348	13,830		(42,749)		43,713		151,700		221,613
				 100,369		83,641		30,311		(151,700)		
\$	1,215	\$	9,348	\$ 114,199	\$	40,892	\$	74,024	\$		\$	221,613

(THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY)

City of Dundas Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Capital Projects			
	Escrow Deposits (430)		Total Capital Project Funds	l Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$	-	\$ 40,000	\$ 358,345
Miscellaneous			511	710
Investment income		-	511	719
Other			40.511	 11,555
Total revenues			40,511	 370,619
Expenditures				
Current				
Economic development		-	-	\$ 3,047
Debt service				
Principal		-	-	195,000
Interest and other charges		-	-	109,557
Capital outlay				
General government		-	775	775
Public safety		-	42,964	42,964
Parks and recreation			16,122	74,122
Total expenditures			59,861	 425,465
Excess of revenues over				
(under) expenditures		-	(19,350)	(54,846)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in		4,029	397,656	400,525
Net change in fund balances		4,029	378,306	345,679
Fund Balances				
Beginning of year			(37,748)	 117,301
End of year	\$	4,029	\$ 340,558	\$ 462,980

City of Dundas Detailed Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under)
Revenues			
Taxes			
Property taxes	\$ 872,261	\$ 879,928	\$ 7,667
Licenses and permits			
Building and plan fees	68,000	128,140	60,140
Alcoholic beverages	8,000	875	(7,125)
Other	2,500_	4,575	2,075
Total licenses and permits	78,500	133,590	55,090
Intergovernmental revenue			
Local government aids	174,159	174,159	-
Market value credit	425	444	19
State aid for street maintenance	-	-	-
Police grants	27,000	62,444	35,444
PERA aid	105	-	(105)
Total intergovernmental revenue	201,689	237,047	35,358
Charges for services			
Park	2,500	2,065	(435)
Zoning and subdivision	5,000	17,705	12,705
Rents	4,200	4,200	· -
Other	17,000	23,911	6,911
Total charges for services	28,700	47,881	19,181
Fines and forfeitures	25,000	9,206	(15,794)
Miscellaneous revenues			
Investment income	15,000	(2,073)	(17,073)
Contributions and donations	· -	2,000	2,000
Other	-	16,058	16,058
Total miscellaneous revenues	15,000	15,985	985
Total revenues	1,221,150	1,323,637	219,783
Expenditures General government Administration			
Current	267,460	296,714	29,254
Capital outlay	3,500	849	(2,651)
Total administrative	270,960	297,563	26,603
Council and elections			
Current	29,790	27,676	(2,114)
Capital outlay	, -	2,289	2,289
Total council and elections	29,790	29,965	175
Planning and zoning	27,770	27,703	1/3
Current	89,255	93,109	3,854
Other general government			
Capital outlay		2,062	2,062
Total general government	390,005	422,699	32,694
Total general government		422,099	32,094

City of Dundas Detailed Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under)	
Expenditures (Continued)						
Public safety Police						
Current	\$	368,300	\$	336,573	\$	(31,727)
Capital outlay		4,350		413		(3,937)
Total police		372,650		336,986		(35,664)
Fire						(10.050)
Current		58,150		38,282		(19,868)
Animal control Current		500				(500)
Building and inspections		500				(500)
Current		78,205		109,829		31,624
Capital outlay		500		-		(500)
Total building and inspections	·	78,705		109,829		31,124
Civil defense						
Current		300				(300)
Total public safety		510,305		485,097		(25,208)
Public works						
Streets and highways						
Current		185,070		212,141		27,071
Street lighting		,		,_		_,,,,,
Current		30,000		24,829		(5,171)
Total public works		215,070		236,970		21,900
Cultural and recreation		77.760		74 497		(2.272)
Current		77,760		74,487		(3,273)
Economic development:						
Current		3,055		6,106		3,051
		- ,		.,		-,
Debt service						
Principal		23,995		23,993		(2)
Interest and other charges		960		960		
Total debt service		24,955		24,953		(2)
m . I		221 150		1.050.010		20.162
Total expenditures		,221,150		1,250,312		29,162
Excess of revenues						
over expenditures		_		73,325		190,621
•						
Other financing sources (uses)						
Proceeds from sale of capital asset		-		69,723		69,723
Transfers out				(1,132,433)		(1,132,433)
Total other financing sources (uses)				(1,062,710)		(1,062,710)
N.A. Lance in Co. 11, 1,	¢.			(000 205)	¢	(255.2(0)
Net change in fund balance	\$			(989,385)	\$	(255,269)
Fund Balance						
Beginning of year				1,760,625		
End of year			\$	771,240		

(THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY)

bergankov

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Dundas Dundas, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Dundas, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 6, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bergan KOV, Ut.

Minneapolis, Minnesota April 6, 2022

bergankov

Minnesota Legal Compliance

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Dundas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Dundas, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 6, 2022.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City of Dundas failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to *Minnesota Statutes* § 6.65. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of those charged with governance and management of the City and the Office of the State Auditor, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Bergan KOV, Ltd.

Minneapolis, Minnesota April 6, 2022



REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION

TO: City Council Members

FROM: Jenelle Teppen, City Administrator

SUBJECT: Consider Authorizing the Purchase of Light Poles and Heads

DATE: For the City Council Meeting of April 11, 2022

PURPOSE/ACTION REQUESTED

Consider authorizing staff to purchase light poles and heads to replace poles/heads that were damaged in December 2021 wind storm.

SUMMARY

As the Council will recall three of the light poles along Hester/Railway Street were damaged in the December 2021 wind storm.

One pole was removed as it was bent, the other two poles are still in place but they are cracked at the base, though they still work.

The pole that was bent was replaced with one of the poles from the City Hall parking lot.

Once the parking lot poles were placed we noticed that they should have been a little shorter – 16' instead of 24' poles, so the proposal is to order three 16' poles to place in the City Hall parking lot and move the 2 remaining 24' poles to Railway Street.

The total cost for the poles, lights and labor for this project is \$27,076 (see the attached estimate). A claim was filed with the City's insurer so once the claim has been finalized we expect to be reimbursed for about 75% of the total cost – including labor and materials.

RECOMMENDATION

Motion to approve the purchase three light poles and two heads to replace damaged poles on Hester/Railway Streets.



PO Box 235 Northfield, MN 55057 (507) 645-9760 office@guthelectric.com

CUSTOMER

City of Dundas 100 Railway Street N Dundas MN 55019 (507) 645-8062

Estimate

ESTIMATE#	73884836
DATE	03/15/2022
PO#	en en comparation de la company de la comp

SERVICE LOCATION

City of Dundas 100 Railway Street N Dundas MN 55019 (507) 645-8062

Perform the following electrical work:
- Remove two (2) light poles from existing location in City Hall parking lot and re-install on Railway Street replacing existing poles.

DESCRIPTION

- Replace two (2) new light pole heads with LED heads matching the ones to be relocated.
- Install three (3) new 16' light poles in City hall parking lot on existing bases.

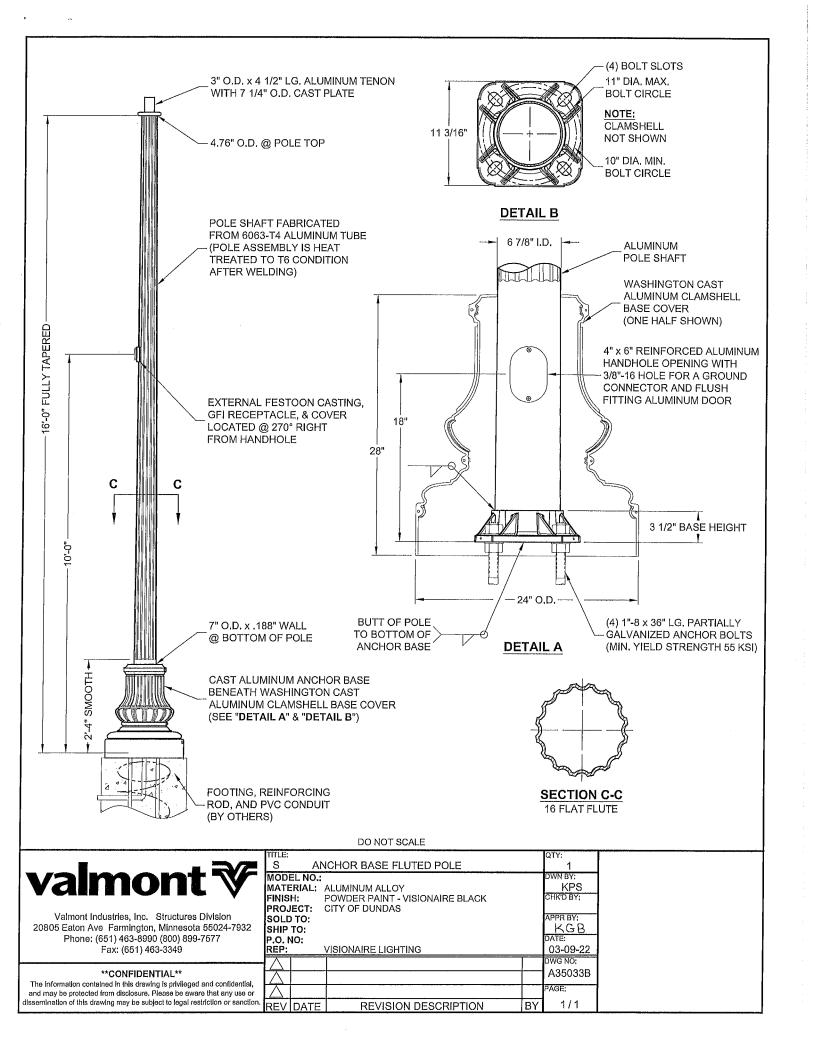
Specifications attached.

Lead Time: 17-20 weeks.

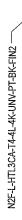
Estimate

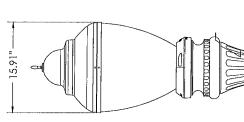
Description	Qty Rate	Total
Material Cost Total		24,275.00
Labor Cost Total		2,261.00
Bucket Truck Use of bucket/boom truck	9.00	540.00

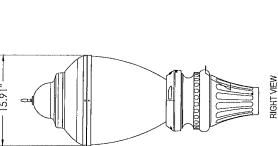
CUSTOMER MESSAGE	Estimate Total:	\$27,076.00



DATE 03/17/2022 03/17/2022 MODIFIED A.G 1.C DESCRIPTION INITIAL DRAWING VA118 REMOVED REVISIONS ECO REV.







3'-3.85" ±.25"

ISOMETRIC VIEW

FRONT VIEW

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED: DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES
TOLERANCES.
FRACTIONAL.
ANOLLAR MACH.: 18810_11
TWO PLACE DECIMAL.: 89
THREE PLACE DECIMAL.: 89 THESE PRINTS ARE SUBMITTED FOR YOUR APPROVAL PROCESSING OF YOUR PART WILL NOT CONTINUE UNTIL WE RECEIVE ONE COPY APPROVED FOR PRODUCTION.

N2F-L-HTL3CA-T4-4L-4K-UNV-PT-BK-FIN2

APPROVED BY:

DATE

N192.168.3.252Wisionaire103_QUALITY_AND_ENGINEERING122 CADIDrawingsIWORK IN PROGRESSIANA GARCIAISUBMITTALSIGUBMITALSICUST-013877 SCALE 1:12 WEIGHT: OA.
COMMENTS.
"SUBMITAL DRAWING
NEDED" FIVE SSE PURCHOCK
OFFICE 1/ ORGENAL, SO#
-20029 - 0#96130 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING

SHEET 1 OF 1 ക്ഷ

SIZE DWG. NO.
CUST-01387



MEMORANDUM

To: Honorable Mayor and City Council

Dundas, Minnesota

From: Dustin M Tipp, P.E.

City Engineer

Date: April 11, 2022

Re: Proposal for Pavement Management Plan

Introduction

Attached is a proposal to implement a pavement management plan for the City's pavement infrastructure.

Background

The City does not currently have a pavement management plan; instead, streets are visually inspected yearly to evaluate the condition of pavement on the roadways to determine necessary repairs and maintenance of the infrastructure.

Outlined in the attached proposal, the following work would be performed to develop a pavement management plan for the City's pavement infrastructure:

- Data Management
 - A Database would be created to inventory the streets within the City and would compile information for each segment of street which would include street widths, construction dates, maintenance history, etc. The database would be continually updated as repairs and maintenance activities are performed.
- Detailed Inspections of City Pavement
 - All City roadways would be inspected to collect data on each individual roadway and to determine the current condition of the pavement. Based on the inspections, a Pavement Condition Index number would be assigned to each roadway which rates the condition of the pavement.
- Pavement Summary
 - A detailed map would be prepared showing the current condition of each roadway within the City, along with a report summarizing the current pavement conditions.

• The data would be imported into the City's GIS system to allow easy access to the information.

Fiscal Impact

Implementing a Pavement Management Plan would allow the City to be proactive in maintaining roadways within the City to prolong the life of the pavement infrastructure. The Pavement Management Plan would be used to assist staff in projecting pavement repair and maintenance needs and allocating funding accordingly in the Capital Improvement Plan.

Proposal	Price
Pavement Management Plan	\$6,727.00

Additional services can be provided upon request for more detailed pavement analysis and assistance in preparing the 5-year Capiltal Improvement Plan.

Alternatives

- 1. Motion to Approve the attached Proposal for the Pavement Management Plan in the amount of \$6,727.00.
- 2. Deny the request.

Staff Recommendation

Alternative No. 1: Motion to Approve the Attached Proposal for the Pavement Management Plan in the amount of \$6,727.00.

Attachments

- 1. Proposal.
- 2. Map.



Honorable Mayor and Council Members City of Dundas 100 Railway Street N Dundas, MN 55019

Re: Pavement Management Work Plan

City of Dundas, MN

I am pleased to submit this work plan on behalf of WSB to implement a pavement management plan the City of Dundas's pavement infrastructure. We plan on working closely with City personnel throughout this process including in the field for questions on the pavement inspections.

Cost Summary

It is proposed that this project be billed hourly on a cost not to exceed basis, with total cost not exceeding **\$6,727**. If you agree with the terms as outlined in this proposal, please sign where indicated below and return a copy to our office.

The following tasks will be completed as part of this work plan:

1. Data Management

WSB personnel will create and set up a pavement management database utilizing a software called PAVER.

As part of this process, the City of Dundas will:

- Provide any pavement history records they have available including original construction dates and maintenance history for each road section.
- Review and provide comments on proposed street segments.

WSB will:

- Create each road segment in the database and input road history data as provided.
- Deploy data to field tablets for use in detailed field inspections
- Create street inventory to include street width, identify rural vs urban, identify presence of sidewalk
- Maintain data during the duration of the project
- Create a GIS map to track progress, store photos, and document additional pavement segment features as requested by the city

Cost: \$2,506

2. Detailed Inspections of City Pavement

WSB personnel will rate the paved roads in the City of Dundas. It was determined that approximately 12 miles of roads are to be rated.

WSB will:

- View the segment condition on the ground and record information on the distresses
- Input distress data into the PAVER database and determine the PCI based on the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers standards
- Collect data on pavement width to verify that the segment areas are correct.
- Utilize ArcGIS Collector application to collect data on if sidewalks or curb and gutter are present along a segment.
- Photos will be taken of each segment and used as verification of the segment PCI in the QA/QC process.

Cost: \$2,497

3. Pavement Summary

WSB will:

- Create a detailed map showing the updated condition of each roadway in 2022
- Generate a spreadsheet detailing the route name, segment ID pavement length, pavement area, and Pavement Condition Index.
- WSB will review the data and provide a report summarizing the current pavement conditions.
- Pavement PCI ratings will be imported into the Cities Datafi system to allow easy access.

Cost: \$1,724

Additional Services Available Upon Request

1. Pavement Analysis

WSB will work with City personnel to develop different budget scenarios within the PAVER system that can most accurately represent the City's pavement management program and how modifications can be integrated to optimize the existing system.

WSB will:

- Create maps and graphs relevant to the analysis.
- Highlight the findings from the analysis as well as 4 different 5-year budget models and recommendations for maintenance for the City in the report.

Cost: \$2,488

2. 5-Year Capital Investment Plan

WSB will:

- Assist the City in preparing a 5-Year CIP based on the results of the inspections.
- This task will include input from City staff.

Cost: \$3,449

3. Meetings/Presentations

WSB will:

 Attend up to three meeting with City staff to discuss pavement ratings, network PCI, CIP Goals, and recommendation for maintenance for the City.

Cost: \$2,414

4. Pavement Investigations

Perform pavement forensics study which include obtaining pavement cores or/and soils borings

- Analysis of pavement cores obtained.
- To determine depths of pavement lifts, signs of bonding or debonding, and distresses that might not be visible from the road surface.

Cost: Based on hourly rates

The task listed above is an additional opportunity that WSB could provide to determine pavement condition and material depth for streets. Pavement coring could be performed based on a two-man coring crew at a rate of \$265/hour, which includes the travel time and the time for coring operation. Analysis of pavement core and time needed for forensic report writing could be performed at a rate of \$115/hour.

Project Timeline

Data Management April – June 2022

Detailed Inspection of City Pavement June – August 2022

Pavement Summary and Report Update August 2022

Thank you for this opportunity to develop the City of Dundas's pavement management system. I am confident that the level of service on this project will meet or exceed your expectations. If you should have any questions regarding this proposal, please contact me at 218-341-3614.

Sincerely,

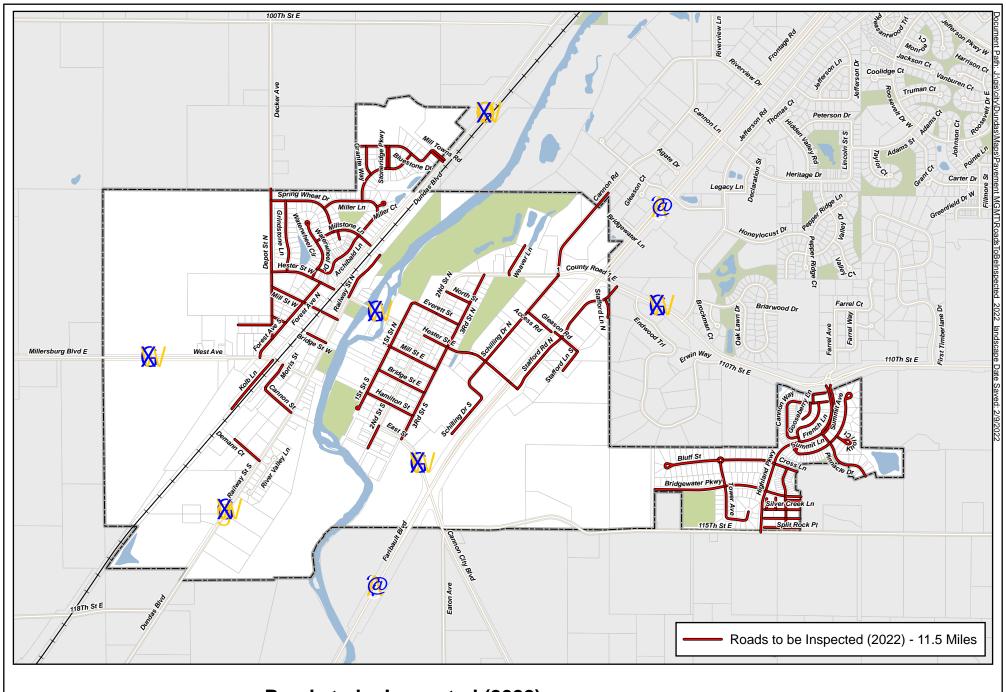
WSB

Matt Indihar, PE Pavement/Materials Engineer

> lle

City of Dundas March 21, 2022 Page 4

By: Title: Date:	ACCEPTED BY:					
Title:	City of Dundas					
Title:						
Title:						
	By:					
Date:	Title:					
Date:						
	Date:					



Roads to be Inspected (2022)

DUNDAS

Pavement Management City of Dundas, MN







REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION

TO: City Council Members

FROM: Jenelle Teppen, City Administrator

SUBJECT: Consider Awarding 2022/2023 Lawn Mowing Contract

DATE: For the City Council Meeting of April 11, 2022

PURPOSE/ACTION REQUESTED

Consider awarding 2022/2023 Lawn Mowing Contract.

SUMMARY

The City advertised a Request for Proposal for the two-year Lawn Mowing Contract. Five contractors were sent the RFP and it was posted it on the City's website. We received one response from John's Snow and Mow, LLC. John's Snow and Mow, LLC was awarded the contract for the 2020/2021 period.

The price has increased about 20% from the 2020/2021 contract.

We did add the mowing of the trail, boulevard and roundabout on County Road 1 at the request of Rice County. The County doesn't have the equipment to do that mowing and will reimburse the City's costs for taking that on.

RECOMMENDATION

Motion to award the Lawn Mowing Contract to John's Snow and Mow, LLC for 2022/2023.



REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION

TO: City Council Members

FROM: Jenelle Teppen, City Administrator

SUBJECT: Consider Awarding 2022/2023 Rough Cut Mowing Contract

DATE: For the City Council Meeting of April 11, 2022

PURPOSE/ACTION REQUESTED

Consider awarding 2022/2023 Rough Cut Contract

SUMMARY

The City advertised a Request for Proposal for the two-year Rough-Cut Mowing Contract and sent it to five contractors and posted it on the City's website. We received one response from John's Snow and Mow, LLC. John's Snow and Mow was awarded the contract for the 2020/2021 period.

Prices have increased about 22% from the 2020/2021 agreement.

RECOMMENDATION

Motion to award the Rough-Cut Mowing Contract to John's Snow and Mow, LLC for 2022/2023.



City of Dundas Public Works Staff Meeting / City Engineer Update 4/6/22

April 7, 2022 Agenda

The City Administrator, Public Works Director, and City Engineer meet at least monthly to plan and review projects and tasks, and to discuss public works matters of all types. The agenda used for the most recent Public Works staff meeting forms the basis for the updates that are provided to the City Council. Following is the most recent Public Works staff meeting agenda with notes added.

1. 2021 Street Maintenance

• 5% retainage will be held until spring of 2022 to reassess tack coat on driveway at 307 Hester Street W before approving final payment.

2. 2022 Sidewalk/Trail Improvements

- ECRT North-south connection along 1st Street North.
 - Drainage improvements will be made at the low point of 1st Street and Everett Street.
 - Crosswalk markings will be installed on Hester Street at 1st Avenue will be coordinated with Rice County. 11/3/21 County will be responsible for the crossing markings on pavement on Hester Street and 1st Street. The existing pedestrian ramp on the SW corner of the intersection will be expanded for better access to 1st street to the southwest.
 - An 8-foot striped bike lane will be added in the street on the east side of 1st street, extending from the East Cannon River Trail to Memorial Park.
 - O Staff plans to send out a request for quotes in February or March with work to begin in the spring.
 - On-street bike lane plan has been revised based on Council comments from the March 14th Council meeting. Revisions include adding bike lane crosswalks at all intersections and striping the west side of the road for on-street parking.
 - 1st Street will be seal coated as part of the 2022 seal coating project. All bike lane striping will be done after the seal coating. This project will be done separately from the Memorial Park Improvements project.
 - Staff has submitted the SHIP grant funding application along with revised plan for review by Rice County.

3. 2022 Storm Sewer Maintenance

- Hester Street
 - On the south side of Hester Street between the Menard and City ponds; the storm sewer outlet from 3rd Street will be extended, and the pond side slopes flattened in this area. 12-16-21 Menard Inc indicated that they are not willing to turn over the stormwater pond to the City. Staff continues to work with Menard on the maintenance and grading easement.
- Modification work to the catch basin near the Dundas Dome driveway. Structure cannot be lowered. Lower grade around casting and structure and rip rap area. Regrade from road and Dundas Dome swale to improve drainage with the possible addition of a

concrete flume from street to catch basin. Work will be done in 2022 with potential sidewalk project. Staff is developing a concept plan for this work.

4. 2023 Street Lighting

- On Railway Street down to West Avenue; and including lights at each end of the pedestrian bridge over the Cannon River.
- Updated pricing will be requested from the supplier.
- As part of the project, the existing poles at City Hall will re-located to the Railway Street/Memorial Park area and shorter (16') poles will be installed.

5. Comprehensive Transportation Planning

- 8/9/21 Staff met with Bridgewater Township officials to discuss the road policy/plan
 referenced in the OAA. Township officials indicated they would submit initial drafts
 based on the discussion in September. Meeting was held with BWT on 10/27/21 to
 discuss initial draft. The Joint Road Policy from BWT has been reviewed and staff has
 prepared a City of Dundas JRP. Staff is in conversation with BWT to set up a meeting
 date.
- Staff is preparing a preliminary road design and estimate of project costs for street improvements for a portion of 115th Street between CSAH 20 and CSAH 22. Costs are being prepared for state aid design option vs paving the existing gravel. Initial project funding has been identified in the draft CIP. 11-3-21 Staff met with Rice County. County plans to reconstruct CSAH 20 in 2025 and plans look at options to realign the intersection of CSAH 20, 115th Street and TH 3. Coordination between City, BWT, State and County will be required.
- 4/12/21 the City Council approved a resolution in support of Rice County preparing a planning Study of Decker Avenue from TH 19 to CSAH 1. 11-3-21 Staff met with Rice County. The County is planning to revisit the study in 2022.

6. CSAH 1/TH 3 Pedestrian Crossing

- The scope includes a crossing of CSAH 1 connecting the existing trail near the PRV to the sidewalk on Stafford Road North; and pedestrian connections west along the south side of CSAH 1 to Cannon Road.
- A trail would be extended along CSAH 1 from TH 3 to connect to the existing sidewalk on Cannon Road and Stafford Road North. A trail connection would also be made from TH 3 to the existing trail to the northeast.
- Storm sewer modifications would be made to accommodate the new trails.
- The addition of ADA pedestrian curb ramps and crosswalk markings would be added to the intersection. Minor signal modifications and the addition of pedestrian push buttons would be included at all legs of the intersection.
- MnDOT has reviewed the concept and has provided comments.
- A trail would be extended along CSAH 1
- Rice County does not have funding budgeted for cost sharing in 2022. Project would be done in 2023. Staff is exploring funding options and have reached out to Rice County and MnDOT to inquire about cost sharing. Staff is working on identifying cost participation from the County and State.
- A portion of the \$121,900 capital expenditure budgeted for Sidewalk/Trail in 2021 is to further preliminary design of these crossing concepts.
- Staff reviewed concept with Rice County on 11/3/21.

7. ECRT Parking Lot

• An aggregate base parking area is proposed to be created at the ECRT on the NE corner of 1st Street N / Everett Street.

- Project is in the 2023 CIP
- Staff contacted the DNR and they would welcome the addition of the parking lot but do not hold any formal interest in the land use of that area. Direction was given to notify Northfield of any improvements.
- Staff has prepared and reviewed a preliminary layout for the parking lot. Staff will schedule survey to be done on the area to further the design and determine the scope of the project.

8. Forest Avenue and Depot Street

- Based on recent soil borings, extensive pavement repair has been included in the draft CIP, future construction which will likely include pavement reclamation and a bituminous overlay. The pavement rehabilitation needs of Forest Avenue will be reviewed again in the spring of 2022; mill and overlay needs for Depot Street may become a higher priority. Forest Avenue and Depot Street will be reviewed in the Spring to evaluate street conditions.
- Staff will be getting cores in the roadway on Depot Street from Hester Street to Forest Avenue, to evaluate the condition of the pavement and the subgrade conditions below the pavement. *Coring will be scheduled to be done within the next two weeks.*

9. Memorial Park

- The City has concluded a berm will not be placed around the field.
- The existing access road will be paved as part of the park improvements. The existing trail running through the park will also be repaved.
- A trail will be added for access to the pavilion and play area.
- Project has been reviewed by Dundas Dukes
- Staff will look at installing bike racks near the bleachers. Staff will coordinate this work internally and work will not be included in the project.
- Quotes were received.
- Project will be brought to Council for consideration to award the contract at the April 11th Council meeting. Tentatively schedule preconstruction meeting for the third week of April with a project start date of end of April/first week of May, weather dependent.

10. Mill Town Trail Head

- The sculpture will be re-set in early 2022.
- Sculpture area landscaping will go out for bid following sculpture reset and cleaning.

11. Northfield Wastewater Treatment

- 4/26/21 Dundas received a letter from the City of Northfield regarding TSS loadings.
- Staff maintains regular contact with the MPCA and City of Northfield regarding these issues and will provide a verbal update on agreement compliance issues at each City Council meeting.
- Meeting was held with City of Northfield on 10/5/21 and 10/11/21
 - o Discussed variations in sampling data and sampling locations between Dundas and Northfield.
 - o Held Preliminary discussions on amending the 2001 agreement.
 - Northfield is requesting an increase in discharge limits from the MPCA which would also increase the limits from Dundas from the limits previously defined in the 2001 agreement.
 - o 11/8/21 staff held meeting with PCA to discuss Northfield Wastewater permit ammendment.
 - o Staff performed survey on a section of the sewer shed with high TSS results. Survey results show potential problems with the lines. Staff is coordinating

- cleaning and televising of lines. Testing will be performed after lines are cleaned. Televising and cleaning of the lines is complete. One area of pipe has installation/settlement issues. Staff is working to identify solutions to correct the pipe in the area.
- o Staff is exploring a new connection between existing manholes to bypass the area of concern. Private utility companies have submitted their maps. Staff will review City infrastructure in the area to create a concept plan and costs.
- o 12/9/21 Northfield submitted the permit ammendment to the PCA. The PCA has a 60-day review period.
- O Meetings will be set up twice a year with the City of Northfield to discuss the City of Dundas' wastewater flows with respect to the limits set in the agreement and to stay updated on things Northfield is working on, such as the permit ammendment. First meeting with Northfield staff will be set up after PCA review period has ended.
- Northfield has verbal approval of the permit ammendment and has indicated they anticipate receiving written approval from the PCA mid-April.
- 4-5-22 Staff met with City of Northfield staff to discuss the permit amendment, revised limits and status of sanitary sewer connection permits. Upon receiving the approved permit amendment, the revised limits will take affect and the sanitary sewer extension permits will be approved moving forward. Based on current population projections and historical flow data, the City wastewater flows will be within the revised limits for the near future.
- O Northfield staff indicated that they are planning to hire a consultant in 2023 to review the Wastewater Agreement. They expect the consultant would suggest modifications to the Agreement to reflect growth projections for both the City of Northfield and the City of Dundas.
- The PCA provided information on the possibility of Dundas having its own wastewater facility. Staff is reviewing the information in order to determine the feasibility of the facility.

12. Public Works Tasks

- The storm water code and fees are under review, including sump pump connection requirements. Staff met with Andrew Albers to discuss his concerns regarding the amount of City fees he pays and research he has done on fee options.
- WSB has a proposal prepared to develop a pavement management plan for the City based on current street conditions to identify future needs. The proposal will be presented to Council at the April 11th Council meeting.
- The City received an inquiry regarding converting the Access Road west of TH 3 between CSAH 1 and Hester Street to a public street; a draft policy will be prepared for reviewing these types of requests.
- Staff is working on a concept to install a sidewalk from Railway Street to the future railroad crossing along Hester Street. Work will include relocating the retaining wall and stop sign at 236 Railway Street.
- Staff has reached out to Union Pacific Railroad to start conversations about making the sidewalk crossing over the tracks.
- City performed manganese testing on City wells. Manganese levels do not exceed Minnesota Department of Health recommended concentration values for infants and adults. Staff will test levels annually.

13. Regional Storm Water and Wetland

- This will be the next storm water pond cleaning project; the focus for work at the regional pond will be clearing trees/brush and removing sediment. A future study will be done to quantity treatment capacity and service area for the pond.
- Staff will be reviewing the scope of work at the end of April.

14. Tower Park Improvements

- Draft survey questions have been reviewed by Park and Rec Advisory Board and comments have been received.
- The survey was sent out to residents and staff is monitoring responses to determine when to close the survey.
- 4-6-22 Staff closed the survey to the public. Results will be ready for the Parks and Recreation Advisory Board meeting on Tuesday April 12th

15. Two Year Warranty Inspections

• Warranty inspections have been completed for the 2019 projects; Swenke will be contacted about one small settlement on Stafford Road North

16. AT&T East tower antenna modification

- 11/11/21 Staff has approved the submittals and is coordinating the work with AT&T.
- AT&T will provide the City with estimated dates of construction. A preconstruction meeting will be set up prior to any work being performed. Work to begin in February at the earliest. SEH run AT&T run project has been suspended.
- 3/22/22 Preconstruction meeting was held. Contractor will provide project schedule when it is known.

17. Bridgewater Heights Annexation Area Concept Plan

- 2/18/21 the Planning Commission considered the concept plan and provided feedback.
- 3/11/21 the City received a letter from the Bridgewater Township attorney objecting to the annexation; the City responded.

18. Dundas Dome Site

• A request for an extension of the completion date for parking lot work was approved by the City Council on 10/12/20. Extension is through October 2022.

19. Stoneridge Hills 2nd

- On 8/6/21 the City Planner forwarded a letter to the developer indicating their land use application was incomplete for review.
- 11/19/21 Staff and Developer executed a conditional grading permit. Developer has started minor site grading work.
- 2-7-22 Developer submitted revised plans for City Review. Staff has completed a drainage and engineering review for the submittal.
- 3/10/2022 Staff and Developer are working on a conditional grading permit for grading in the City outlot for the stormwater pond in Stoneridge 1st Addition.

20. Tower Heights

- Trails and concrete walks on highland parkway have been placed.
- Concrete barriers at Highland Parkway, on the north side of 115th Street, have been placed by Bridgewater Township. On 7/20/21 the developer was reminded to communicate to their subcontractors, suppliers, builders, and others, that these barricades are not to be moved, or removed, for even a short amount of time. The only exception is for emergency vehicles.

- 8/12/21 a LOC reduction was authorized.
- 10/6/21 a LOC reduction was authorized.
- 11/30/21 a LOC reduction was authorized.

21. West Avenue Apartments

- 6/8/20 the City Council approved the Comprehensive Plan Amendment, Preliminary and Final Plat; the PUD Preliminary and Final Plan; Building and Site Plan; a Planned Unit Overlay District; and the Development Agreement.
- 8/4/20 the developer signed the Development Agreement and the storm water agreement.
- Building application permit was approved and has been picked up by Developer. Developer needs to provide proof that plat was recorded before a preconstruction meeting can be set up. Construction tentatively is planned to start in March.
- 3/26/22 Preconstruction meeting was held with Developer. Developer will inform the City of project start date when it is known.
- Weekly and rainfall inspections will be done on behalf of the City through the duration of construction ensure erosion control issues do not arise.

22. Industrial Zone – 600 Railway Street South

• Staff prepared a concept plan of street and utility improvements and preliminary cost estimate. Information was presented at the EDA meeting on 11/22/21

23. Dundas Well Projections

• Based on water demand projections and the population forecasts from the City comprehensive plan, a new 600 gpm well would be needed at the earliest in 2024 and at the latest by 2030. WSB recommends using 2026 as a reasonable forecast for the need for an additional well. The addition of the third well would be adequate through 2040.